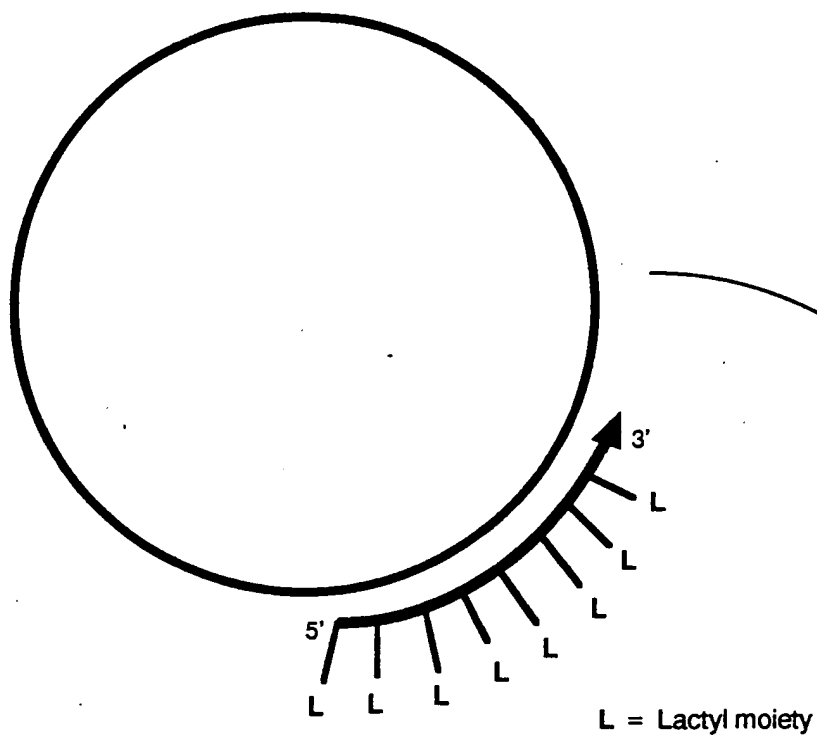
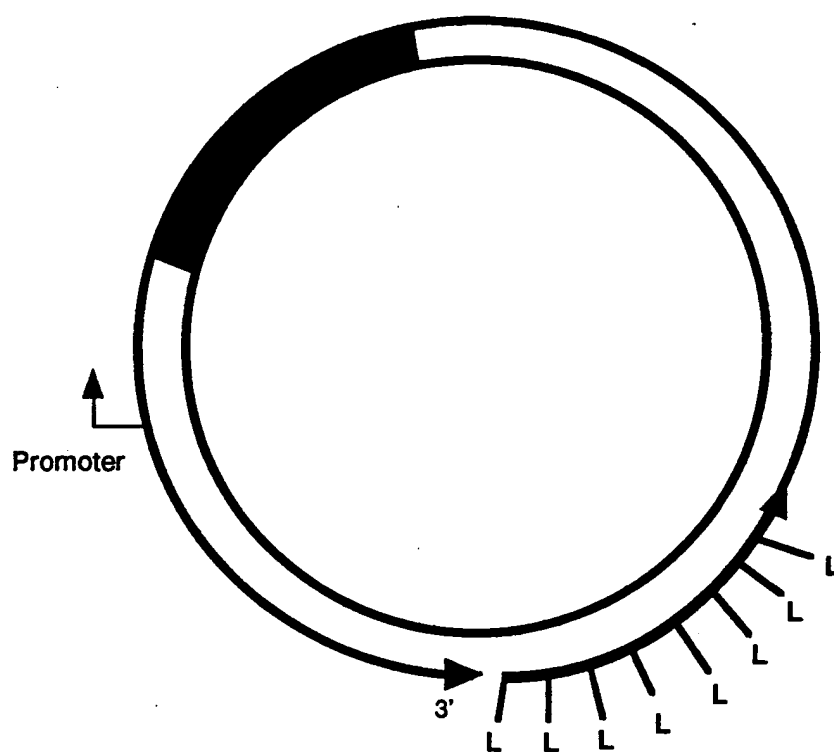


(a)



(b)

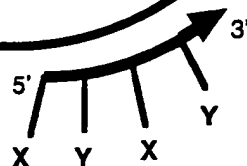
**Figure I**

Attachment of Ligands Through Primer Region

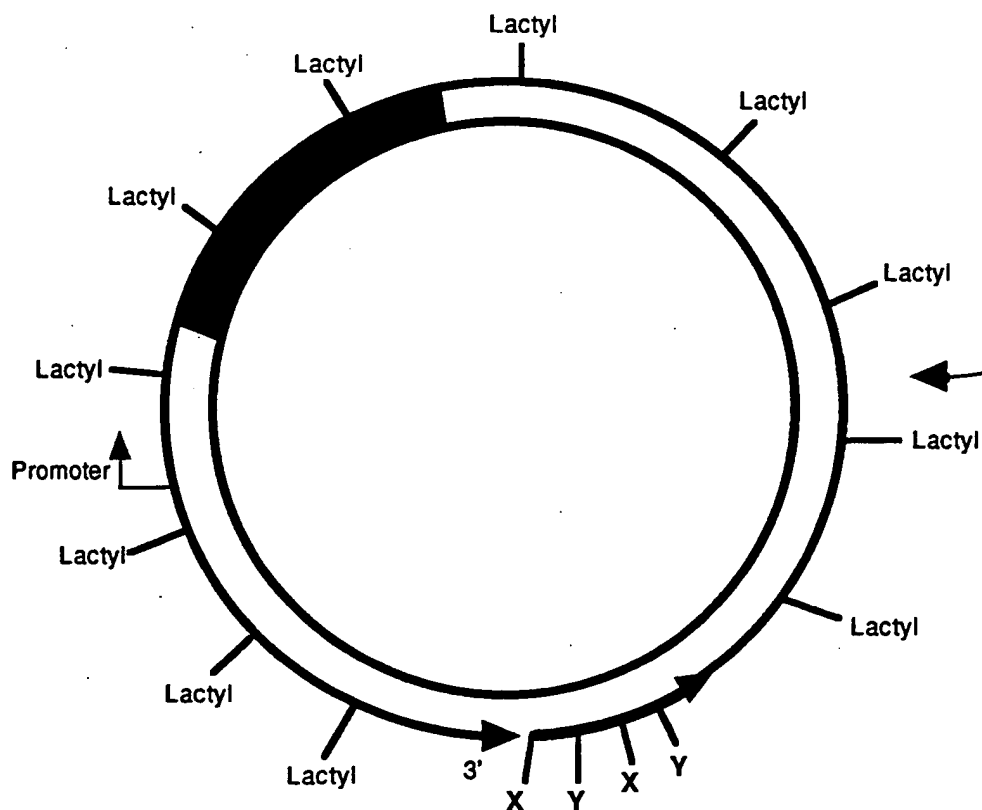
(a)

X = Nuclear Localisation Signal

Y = fusogenic peptide



(b)

**Figure 2**

Attachment of Ligands by Incorporation of
Modified Nucleotide Precursors

065211 2E987680

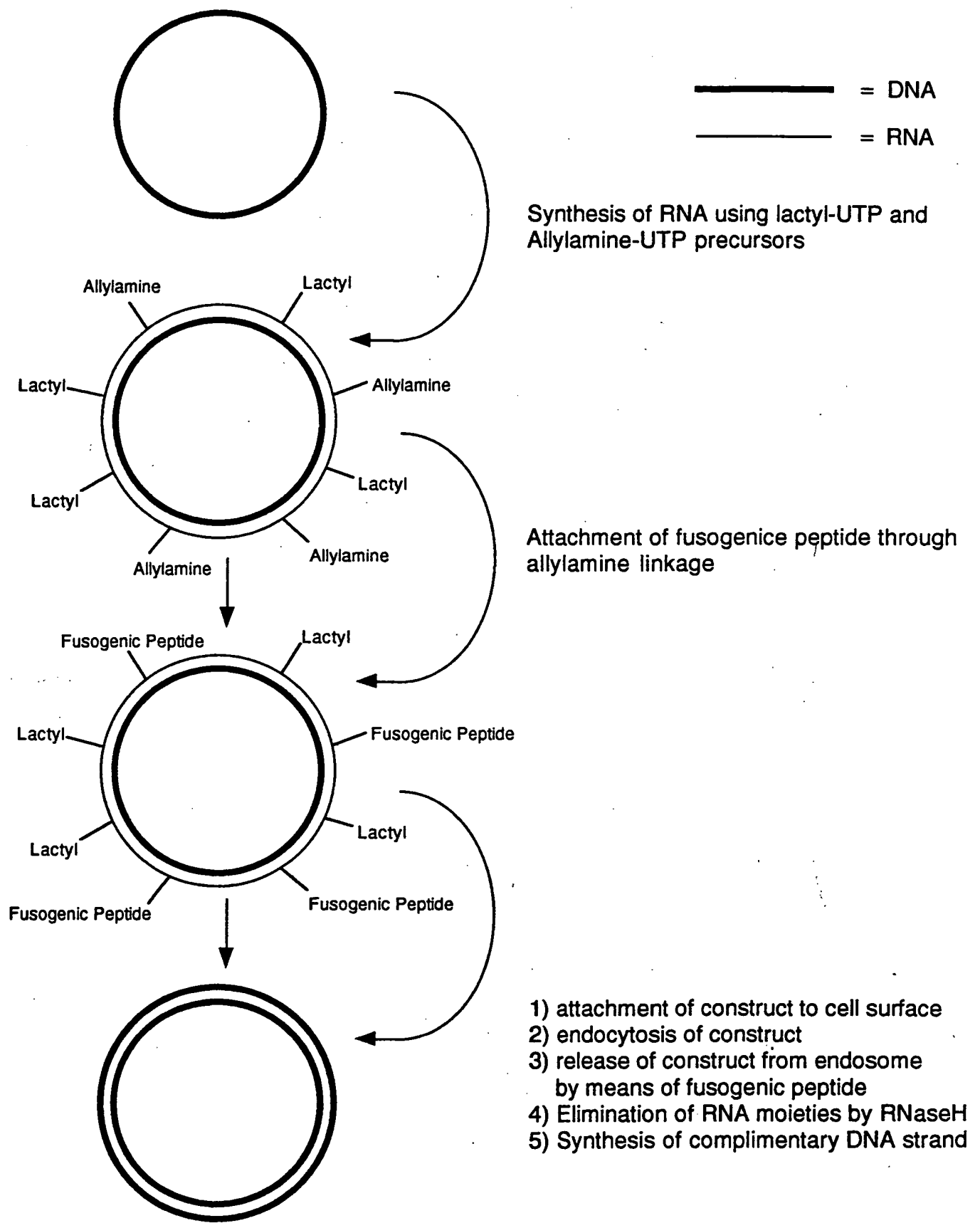


Figure 3
Incorporation of Ligands through Modified Ribonucleotides

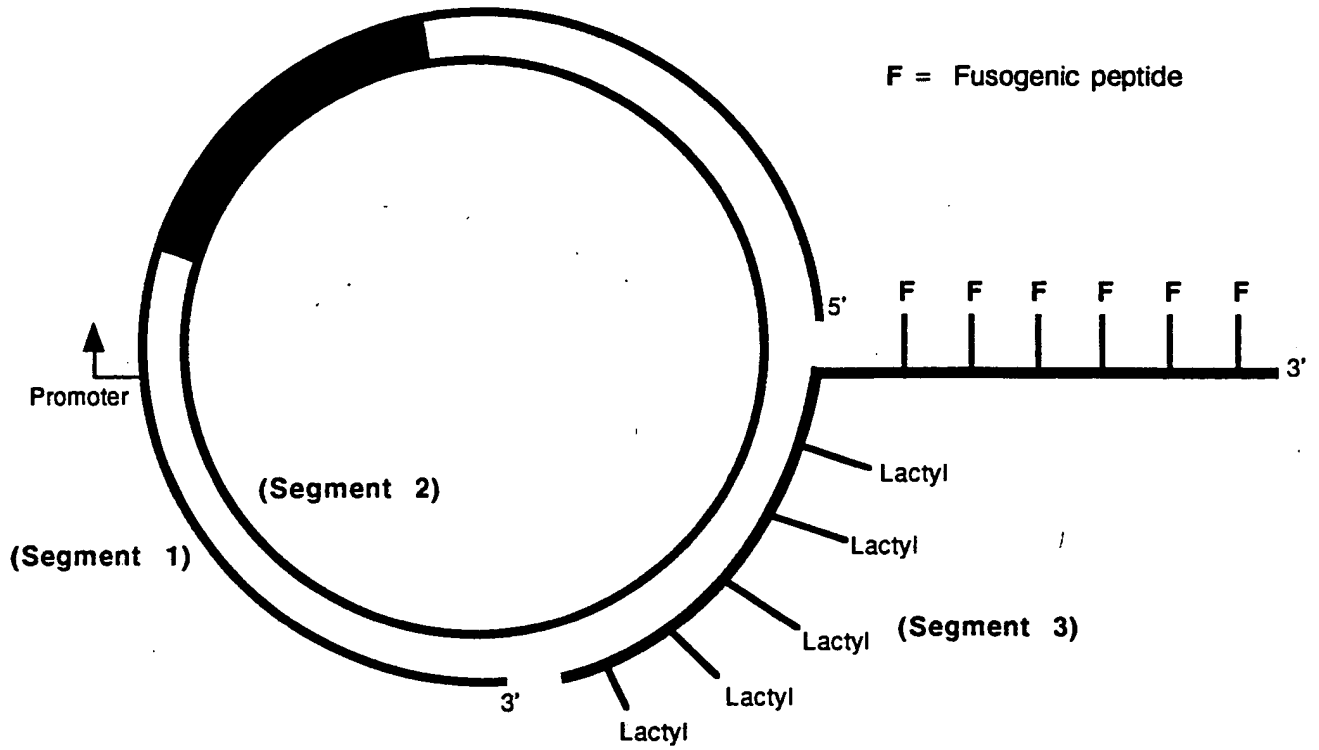


Figure 4

Attachment of Ligands through a 3' tail

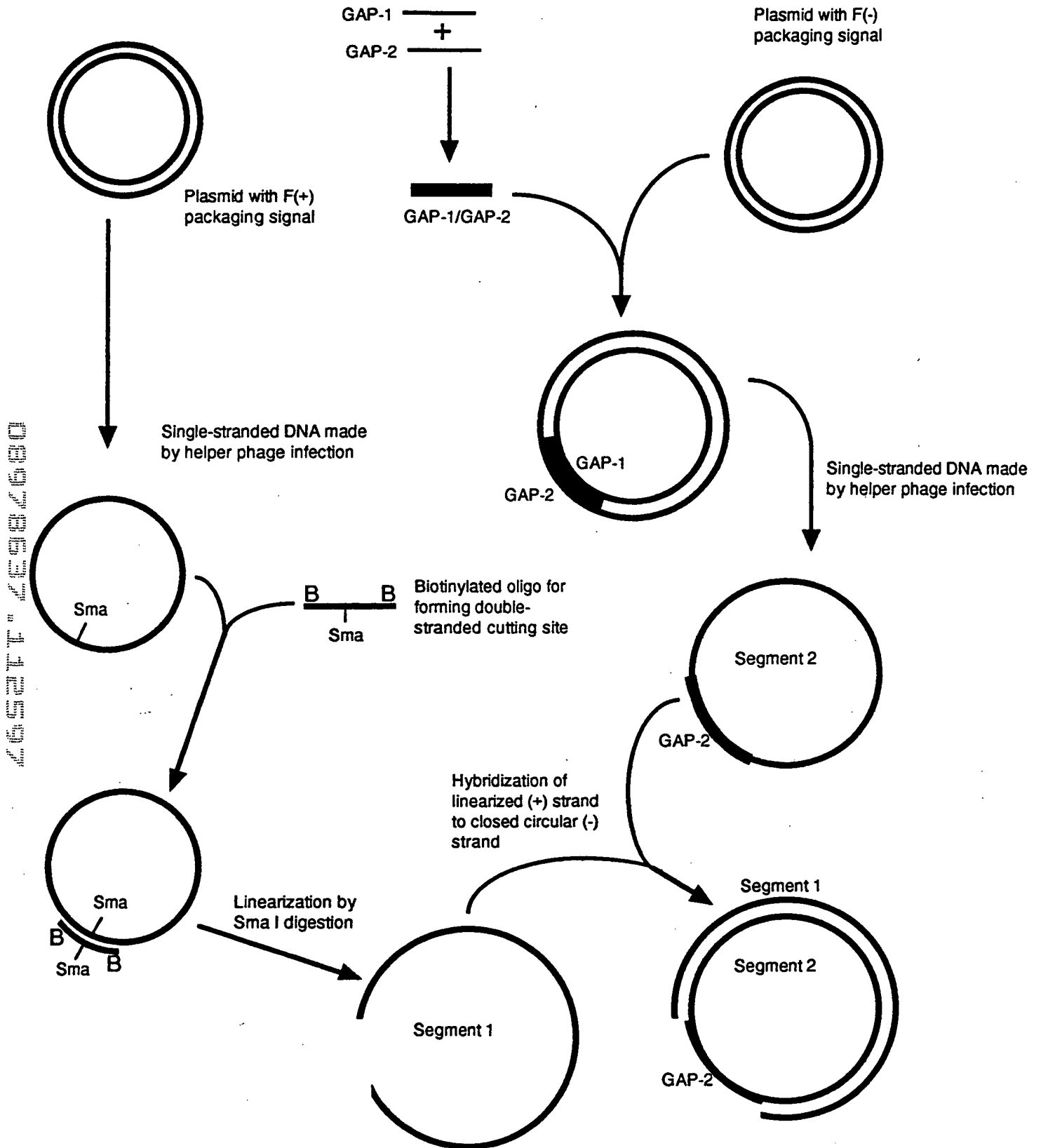
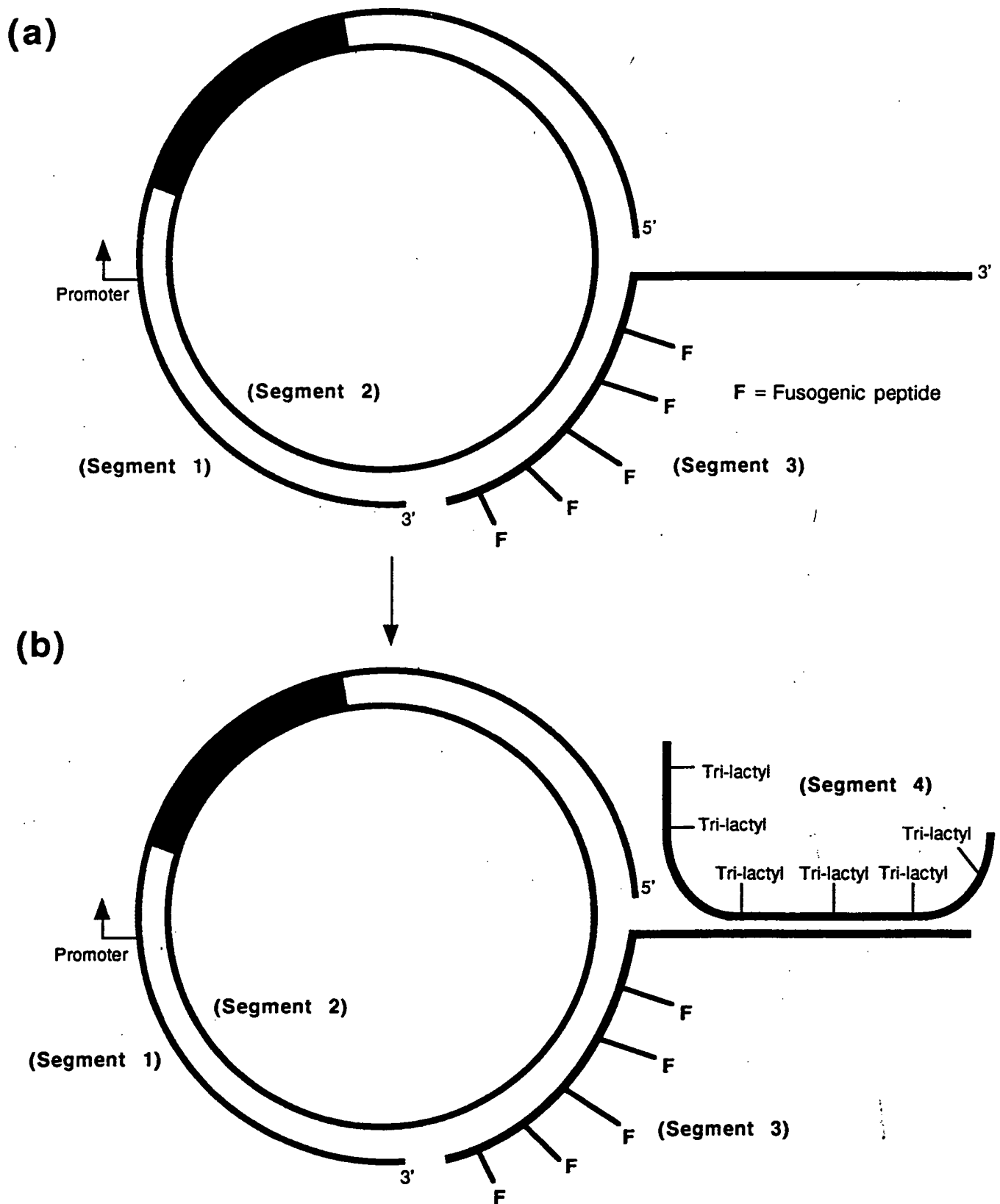
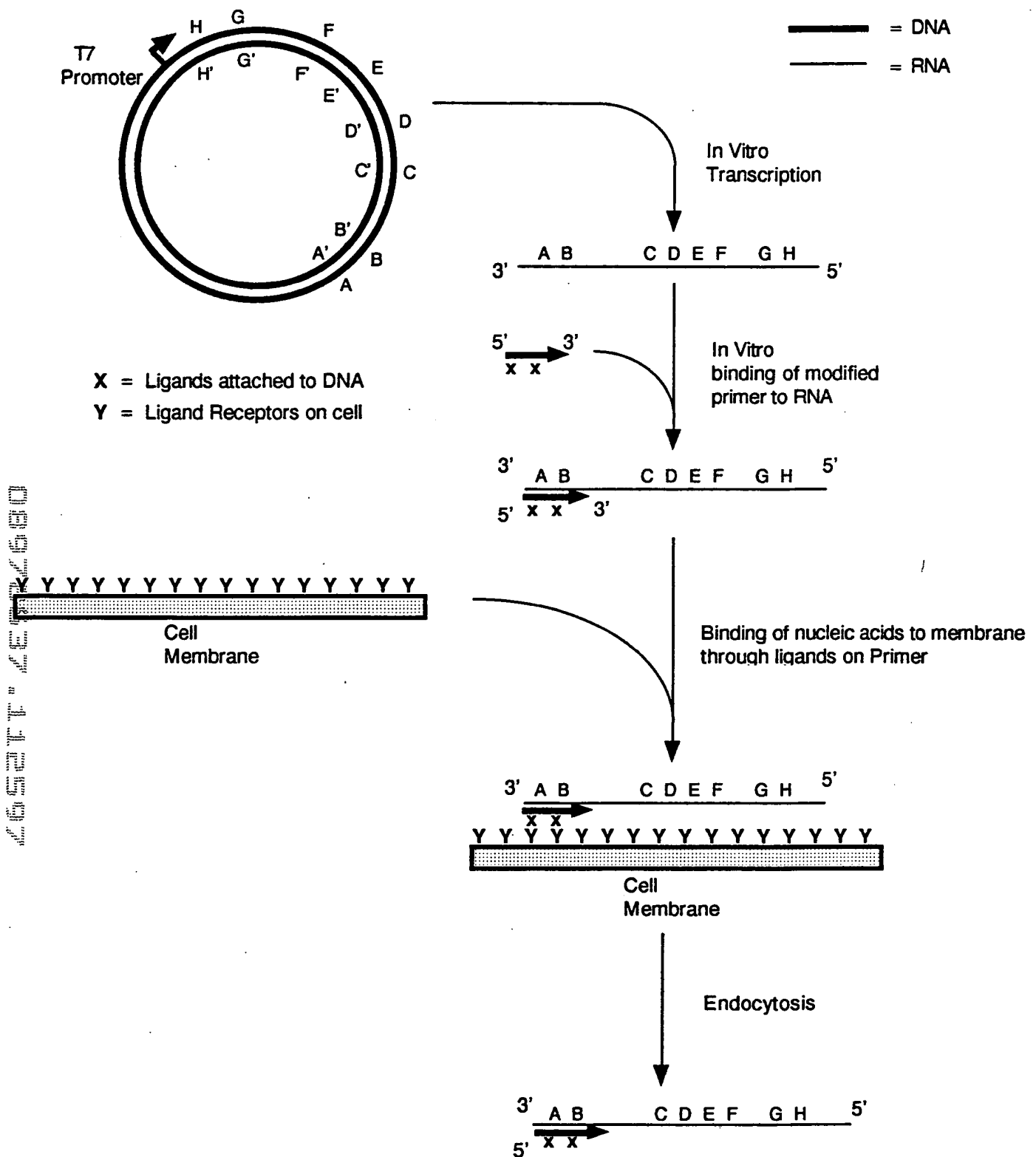


Figure 5

Preparation of Gapped Circle

**Figure 6**

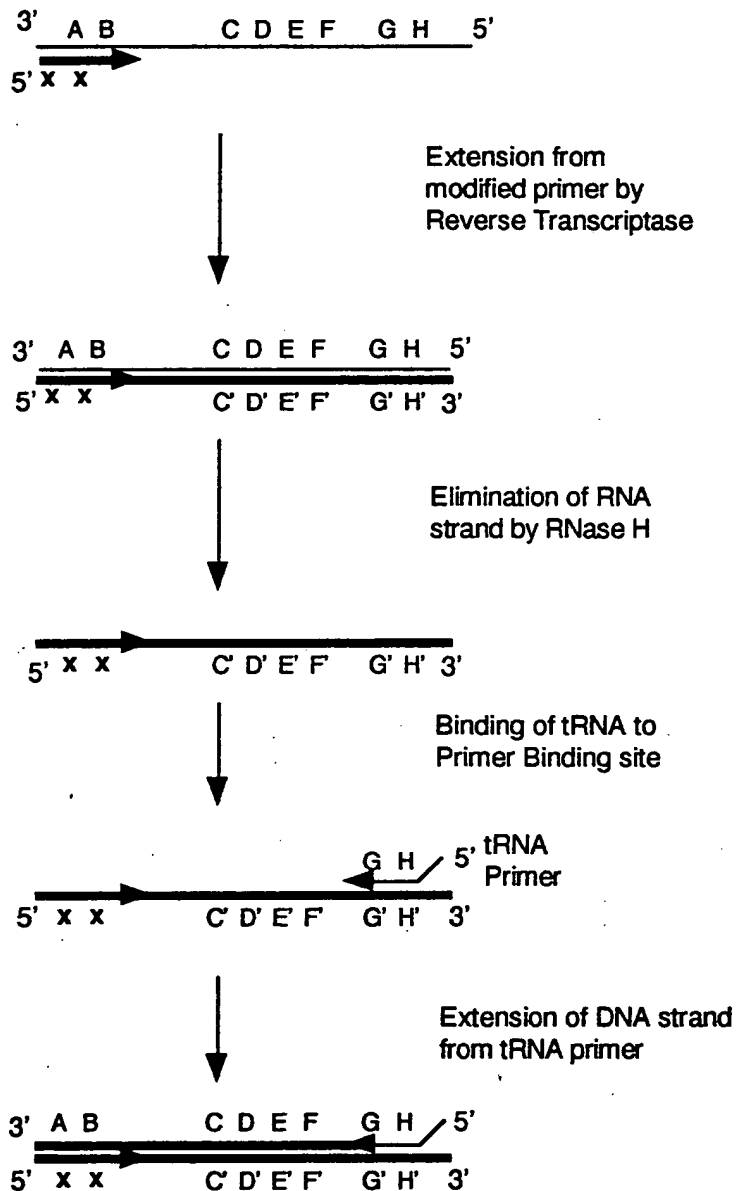
Attachment of Ligands through hybridization to a 3' tail

**Figure 7**

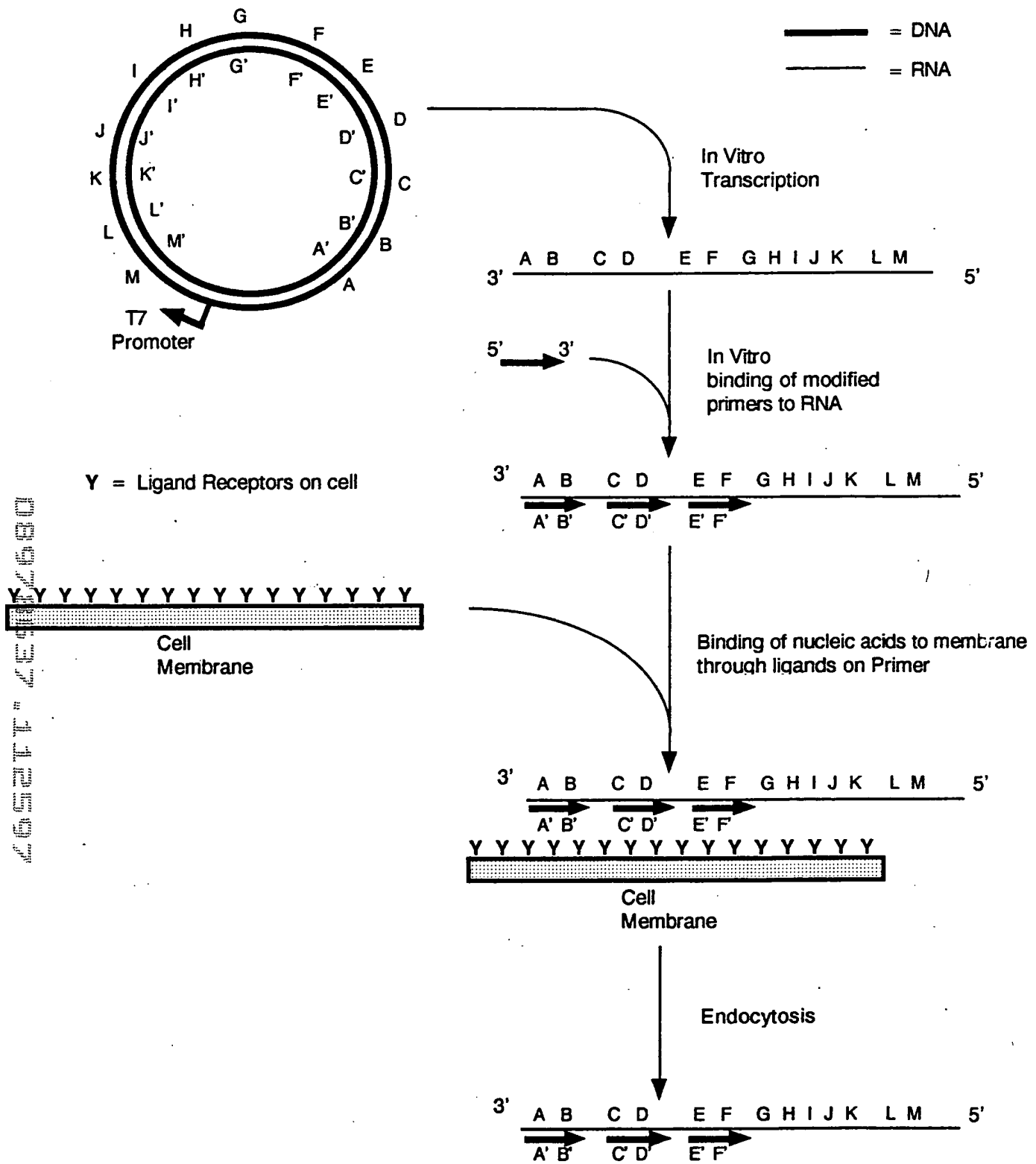
(Continued in Figure 8)

RNA with Ligands on Primer

Continued from Figure 7

**Figure 8**

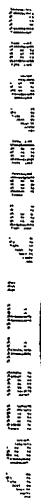
RNA with Ligands on Primer (Continued)



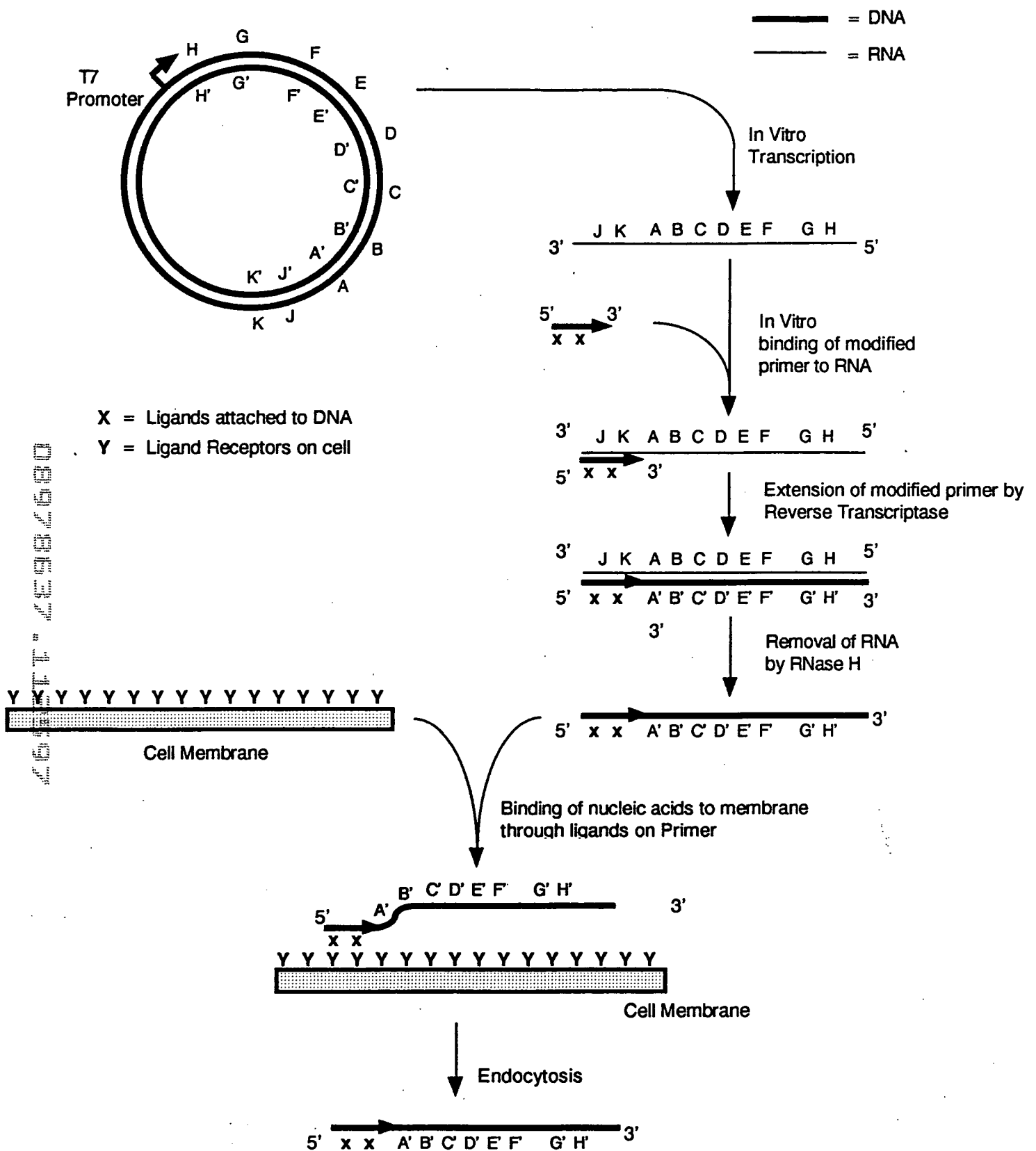
(Continued in Figure 10)

Figure 9
RNA with Ligands on Multiple Primers

09-0637



RNA with Ligands on Multiple Primers (Continued)



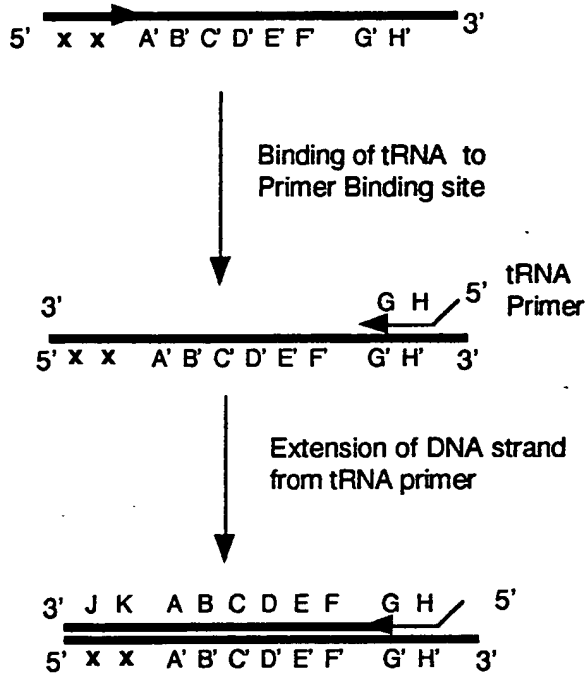
(Continued in Figure 12)

Figure 11
Single-stranded DNA with attached Ligands

Continued from Figure 11

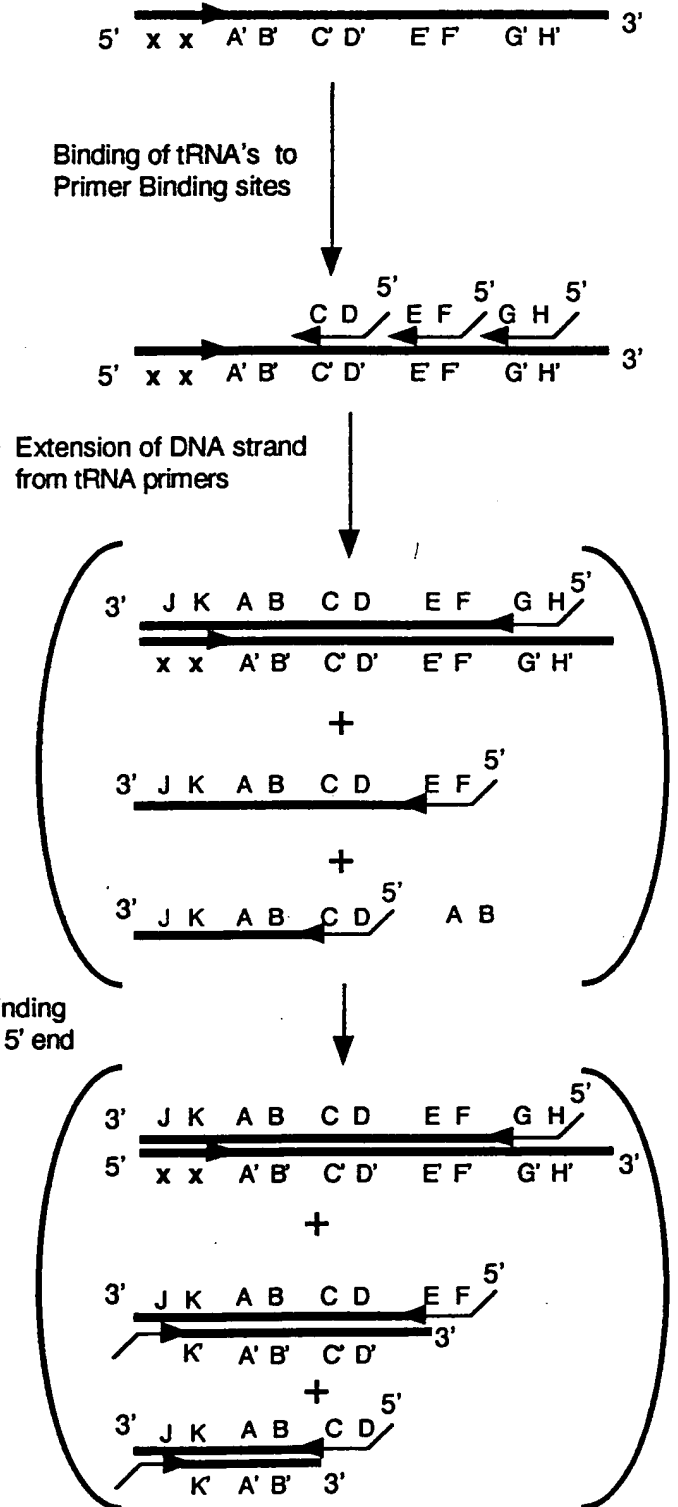
(a)

Presence of a single
tRNA primer site



(b)

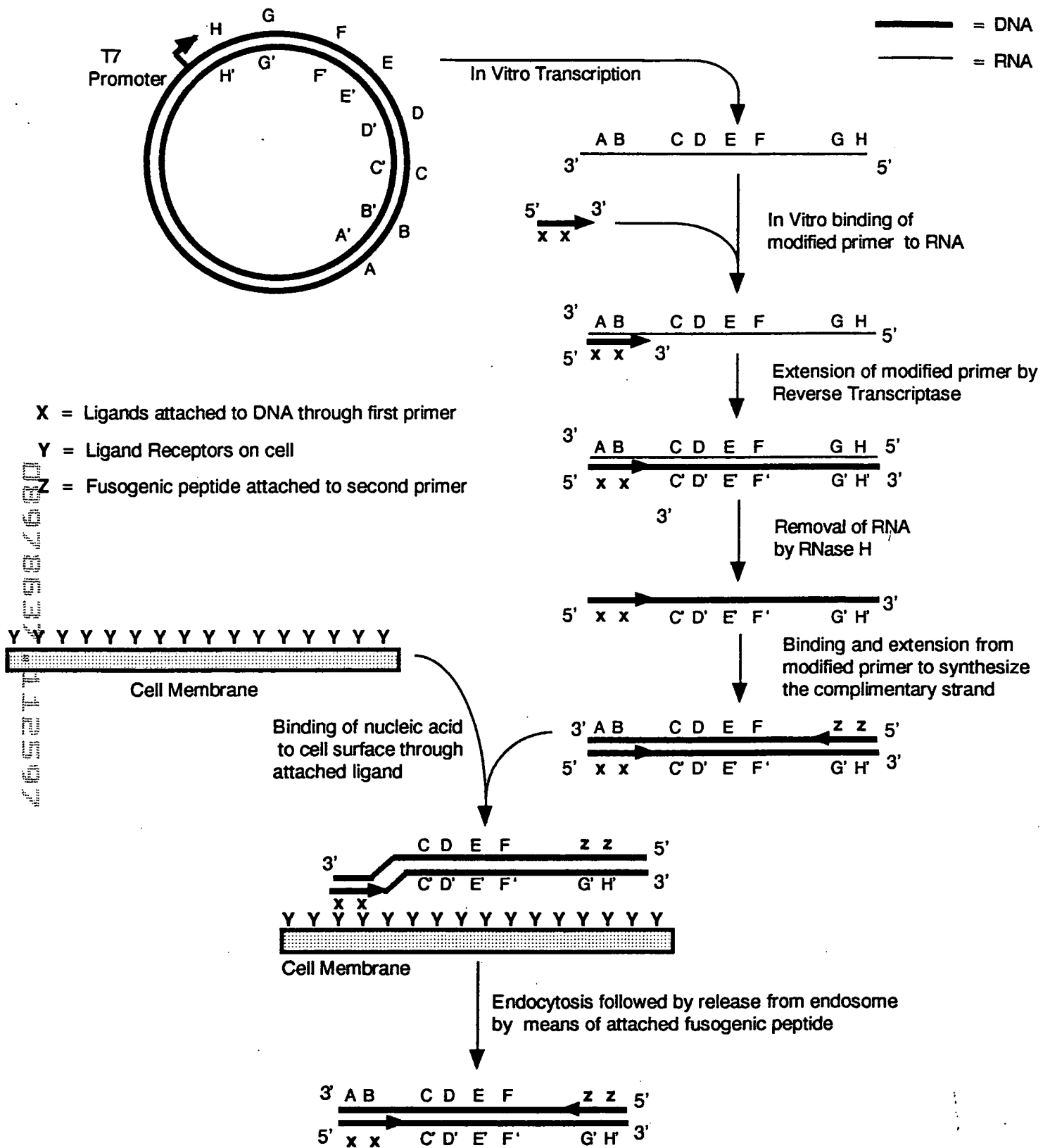
Presence of multiple
tRNA primer sites



Synthesis of second strand by binding
of tRNA to Primer Binding site at 5' end

Figure 12

Single-stranded DNA with attached Ligands (continued)

**Figure 13**

Linear Double-stranded DNA with attached Moieties on each strand



Enhanced Delivery of Retroviral Vector to Haematopoietic Stem Cell

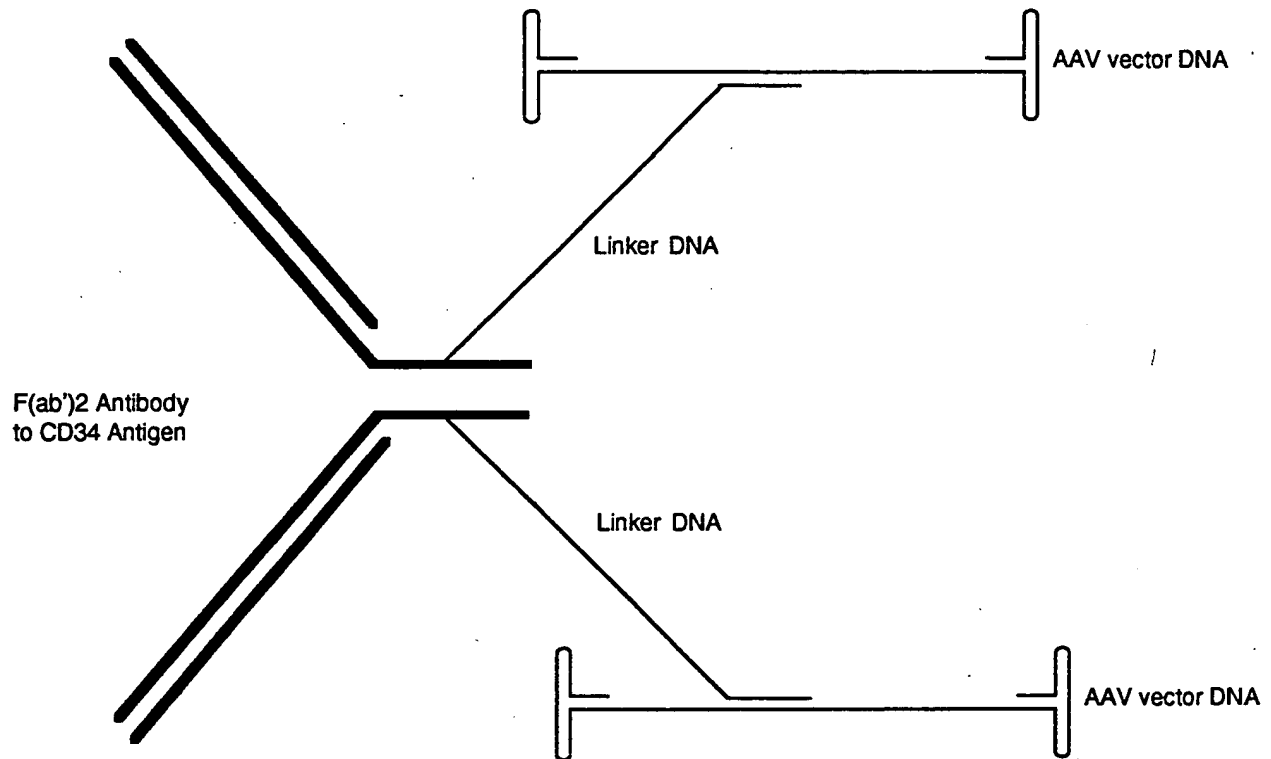


Figure 15

Enhanced Delivery of Vector
DNA to Haematopoietic Stem Cell

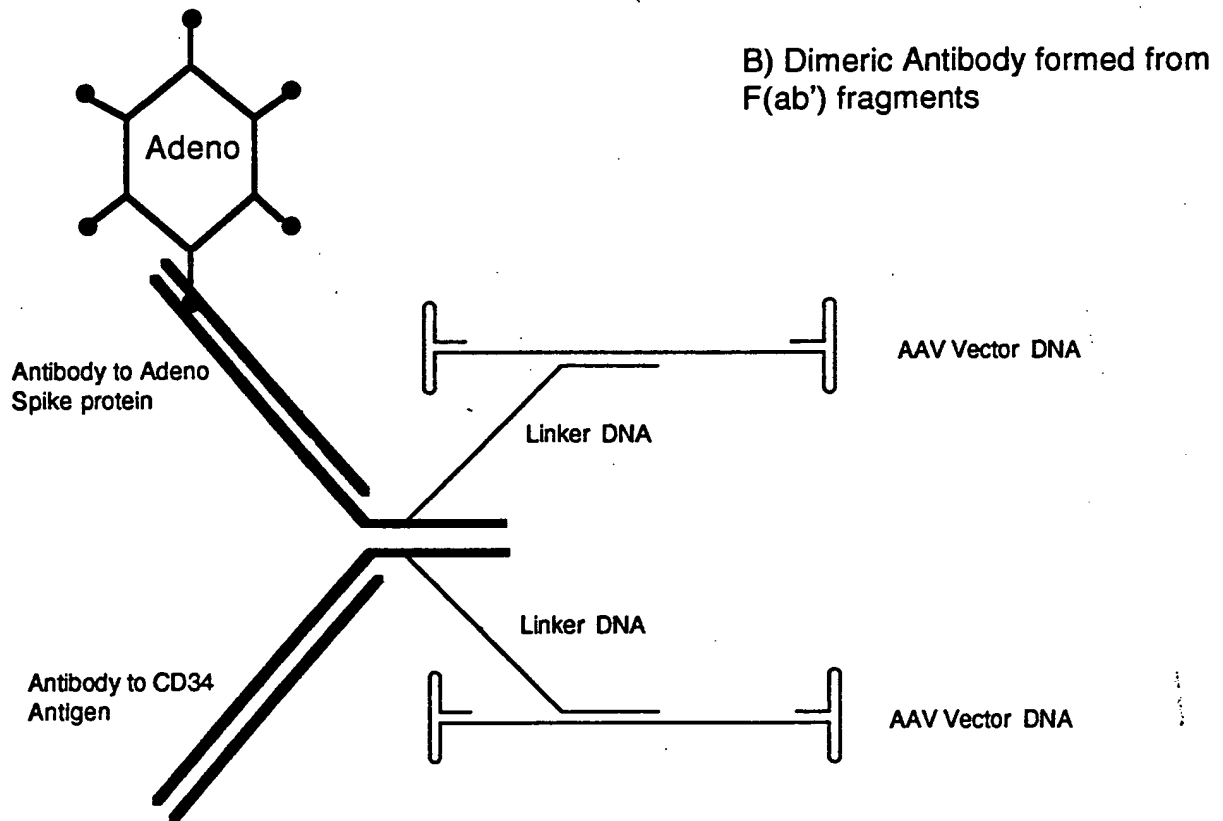
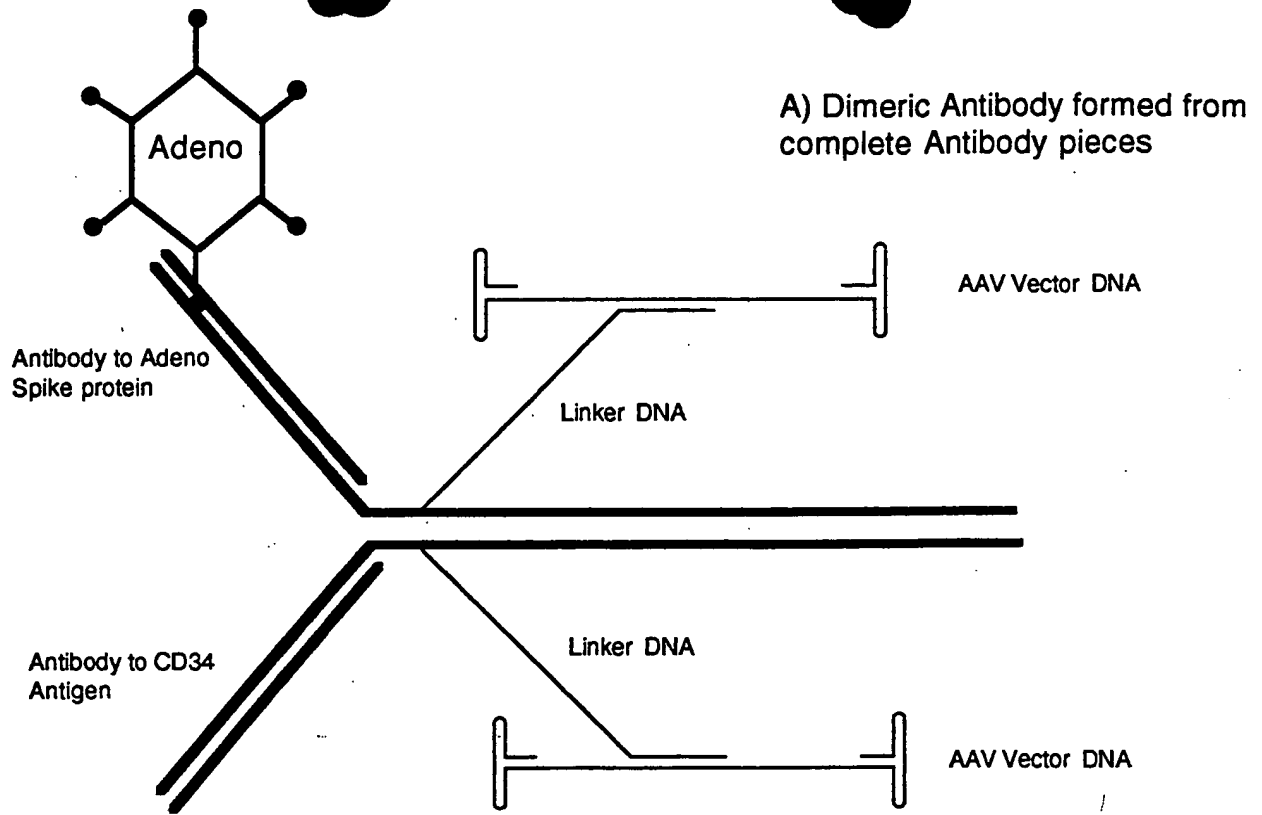
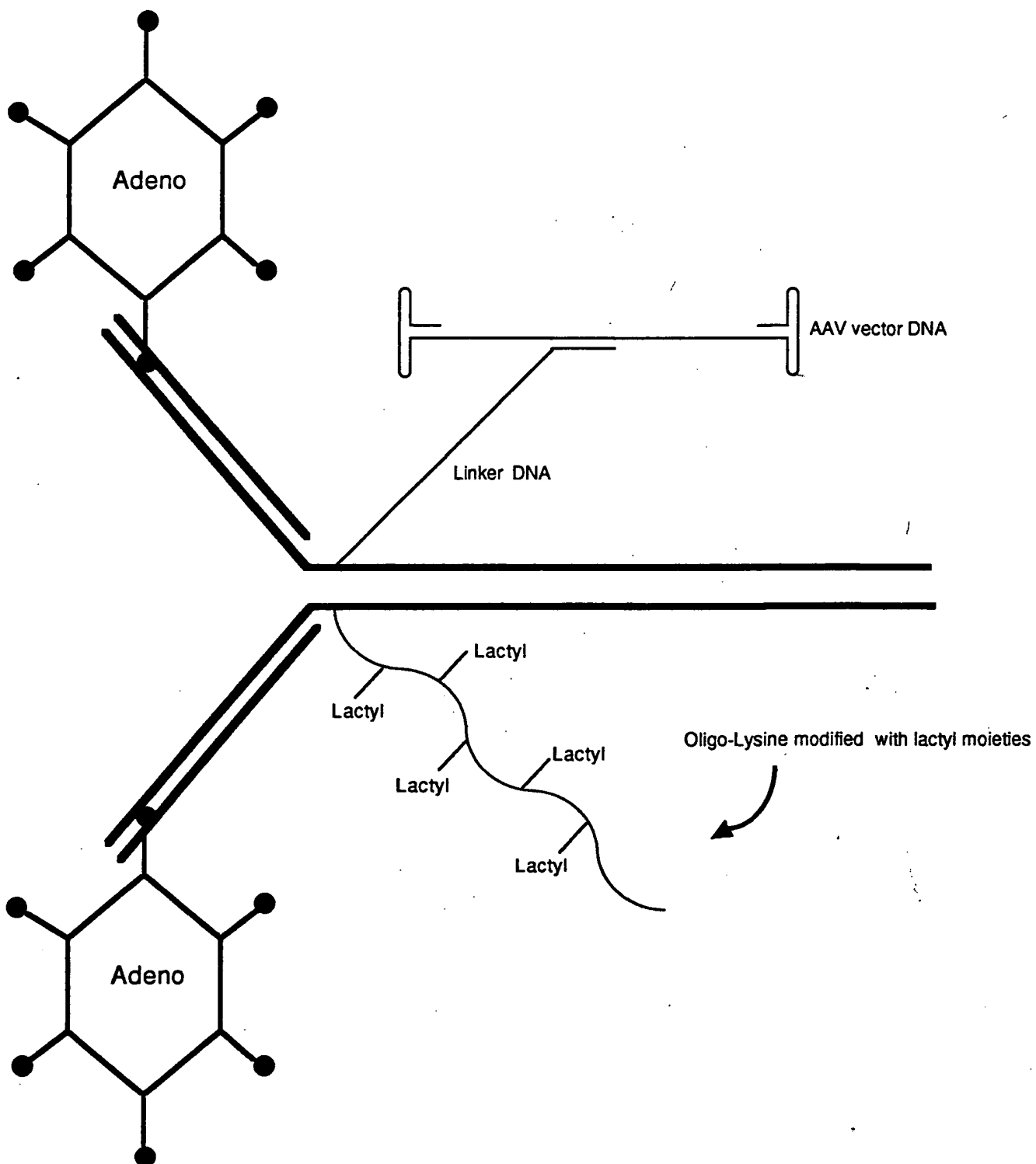


Figure 16

Covalent Attachment of vector DNA to Dimeric Antibody

**Figure 17**

Covalent attachment of Modified DNA
to a Monovalent Antibody

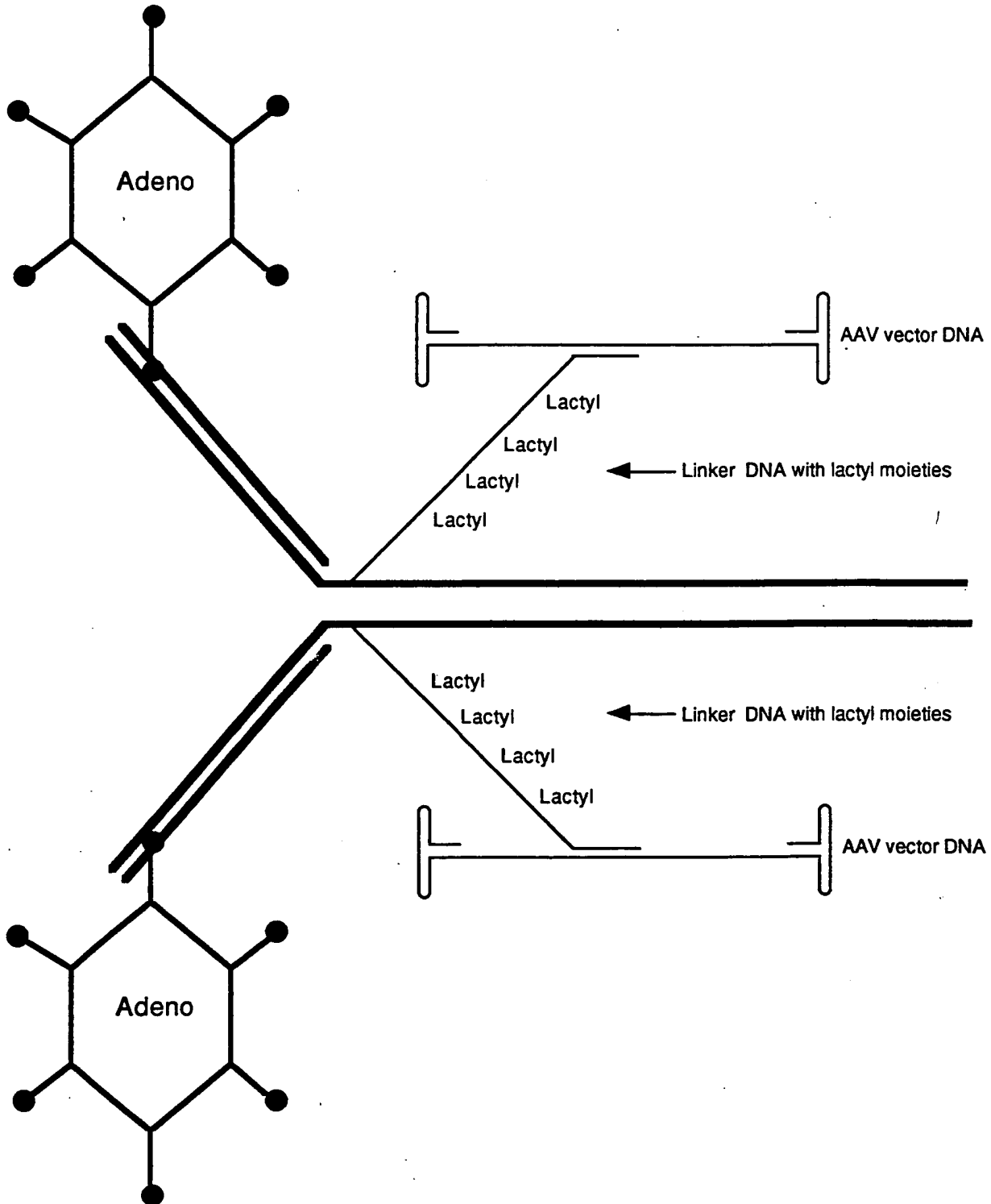
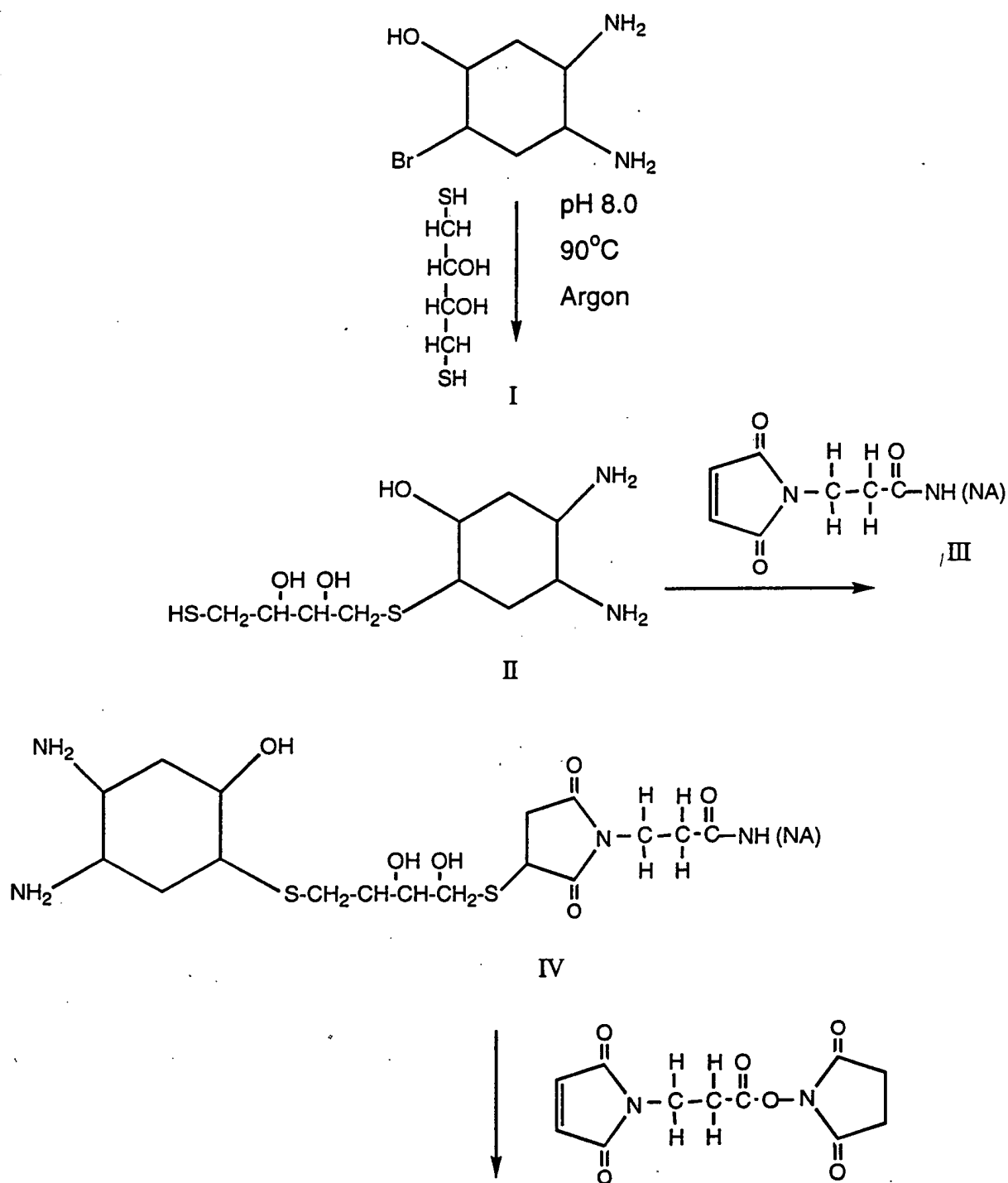


Figure 18
Modified DNA used as a Binder



(continued in Figure 20)

Figur 19
Synthetic Steps for Creation of Antibodies
With Nucl ic Acid Moieties Attach d

(Continued from Figure 19)

20/51

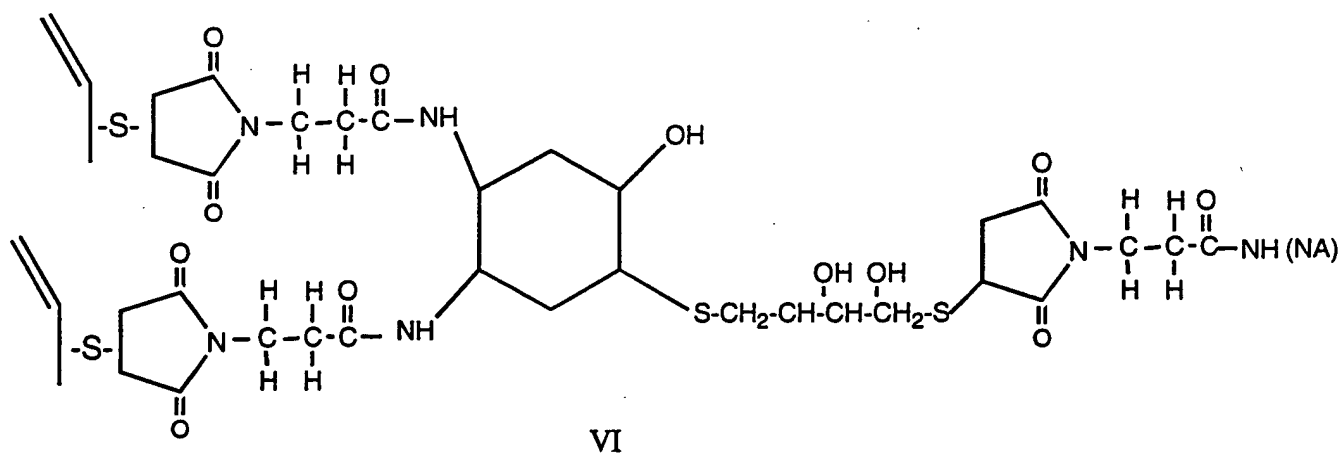
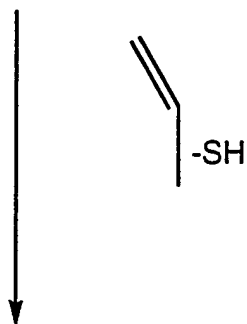
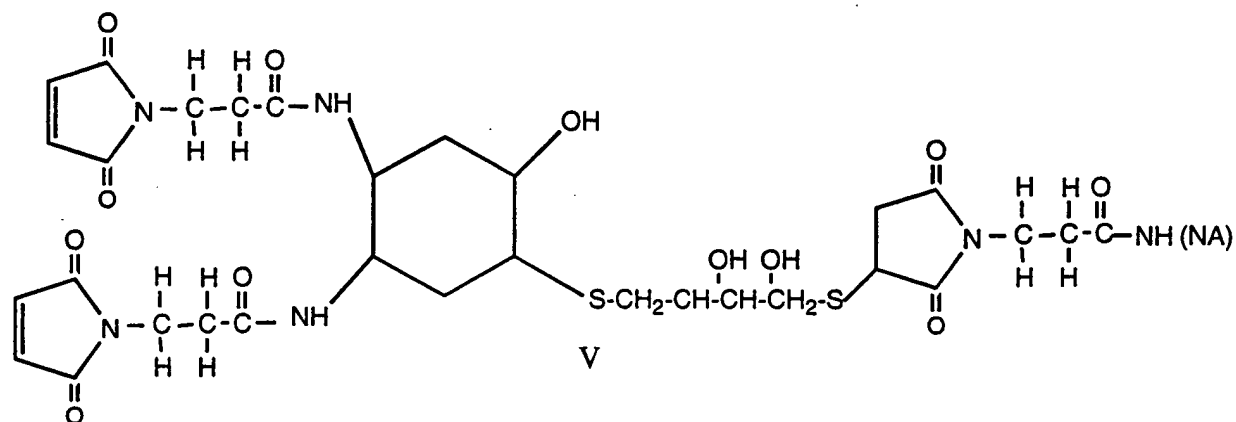


Figure 20
Continuation of Synthetic Steps

F(ab')₂ Antibody
to HIV p24
Antigen

F(ab')₂ Antibody
with Nucleic Acid
homopolymer

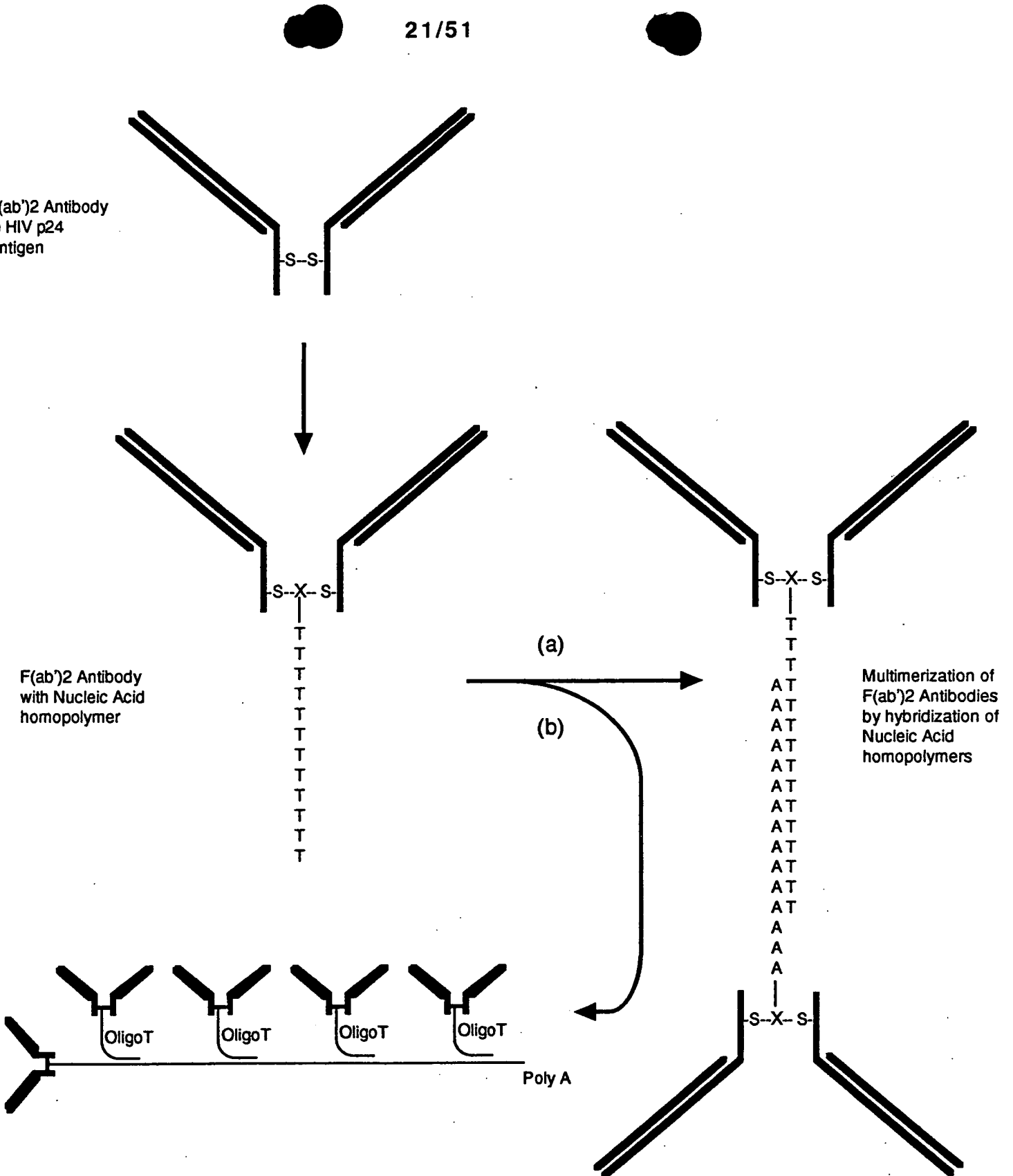
Multimerization of
F(ab')₂ Antibodies
by hybridization of
Nucleic Acid
homopolymers

Poly A

Figure 21

Enhanced Binding of Antibodies to Antigens by Multimerization

080719637.11297



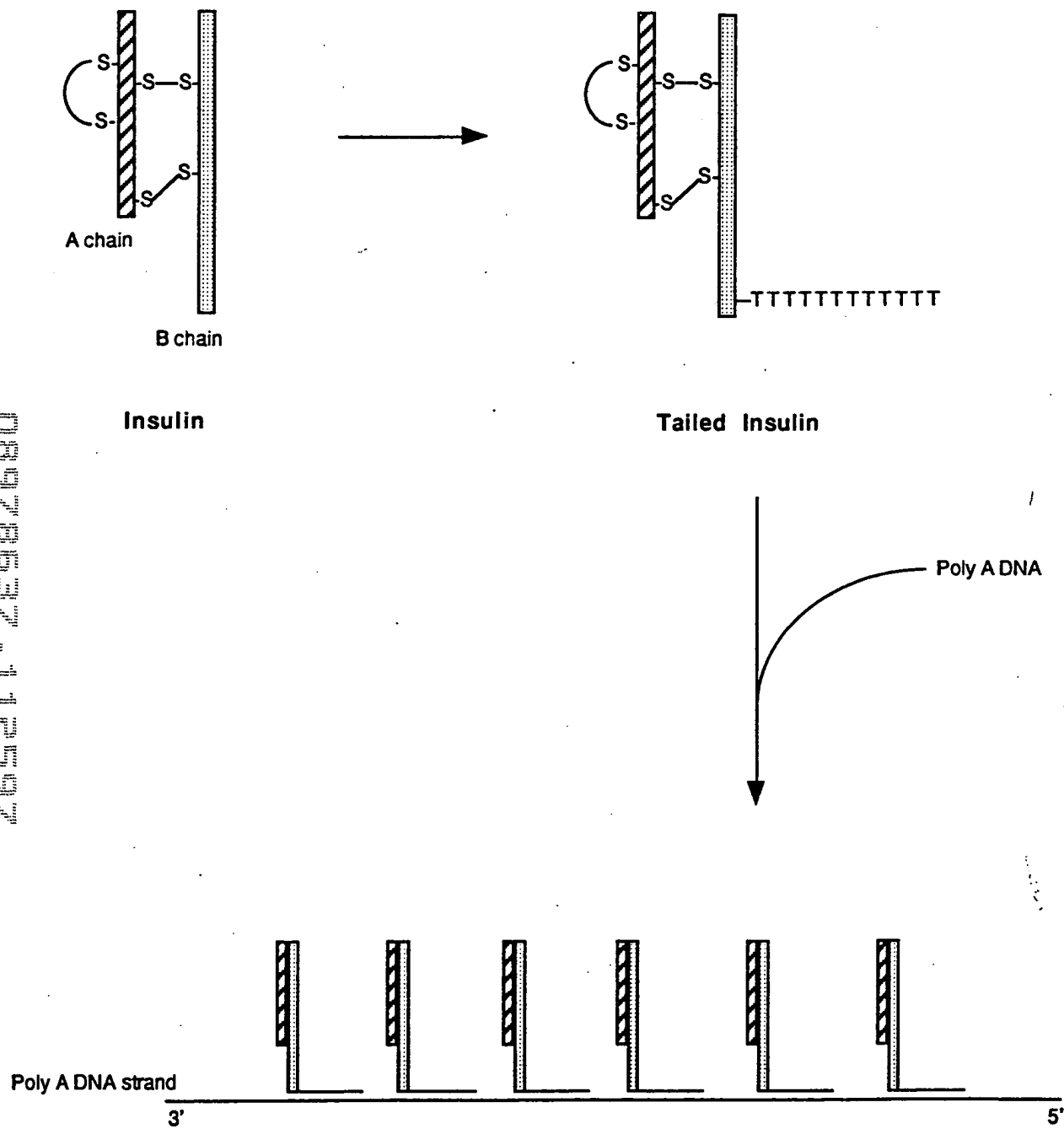
08978637 112597
/65211" /E98/680

Figure 22
High Affinity Multi-Insulin Soluble Complex

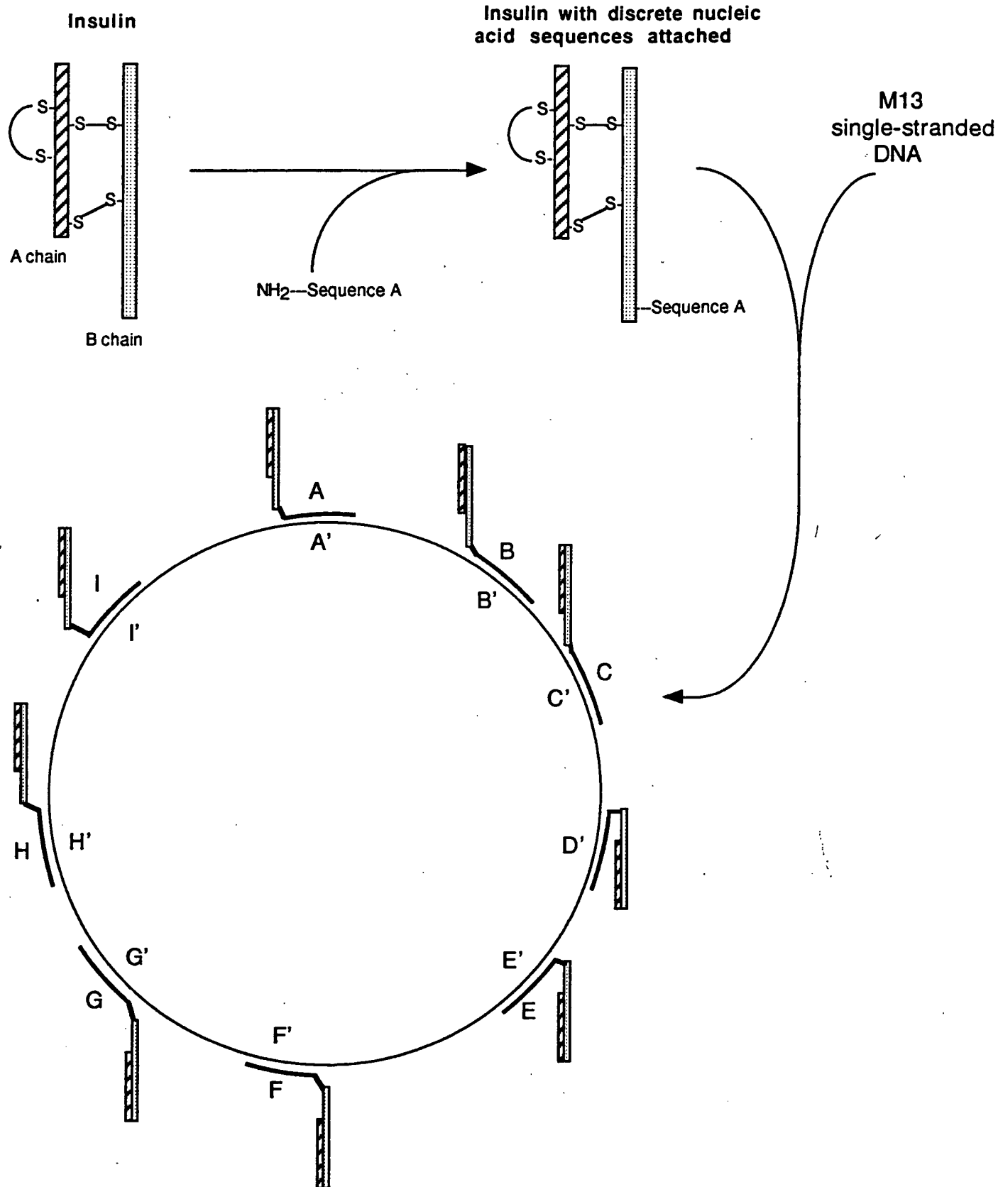


Figure 23

Multimerization of Insulin molecules by hybridization to discrete Sequences

08978637-112597

Intron insertion site

(A) **-----TGCTCTCTAAGGGTCTACTC-----**
 -----ACGAGAGATTCCCAGATGAG-----

T7 RNA Polymerase Sequence

Splice Donor Site

Splice Acceptor site

(B) **-----CTCTAAGGTAAATAT-----TGTATTTTAGATTCAA-----**
 -----GAGATTCCATTATA-----ACATAAAATCTAAGTT-----

SV40 Intron Sequence

(C) **-----TGCTCTCTAAGGTAAATAT-----TGTATTTTAGGGTCTACTC-----**
 -----ACGAGAGATTCCATTATA-----ACATAAAATCCCAGATGAG-----

Insertion of SV40 Intron into polymerase coding sequence

(D) **-----UGCUCUCUAAGGUAUAUAU-----UGUAUUUUAGGGUCUACUC---**

mRNA transcript containing intron

(E) **-----UGCUCUCUAAGGGUCUACUC---**

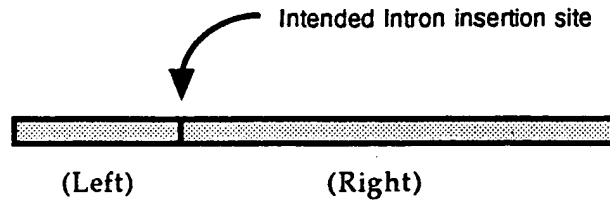
mRNA transcript after splicing has normal T7 Sequence

Figure 24

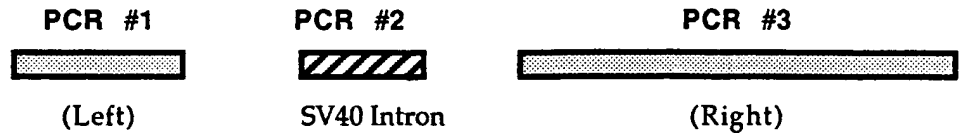
Fusion of Intron into T7 RNA Polymerase Coding Sequence

08978637 112597

Normal T7 RNA polymerase coding sequence

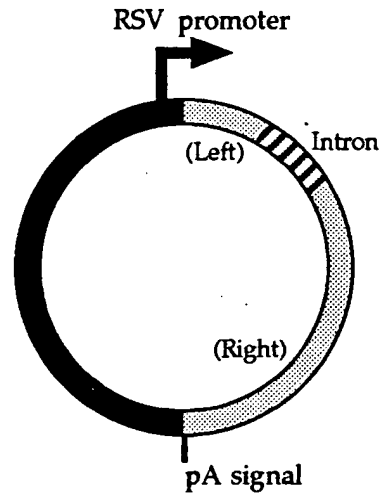


Synthesis of fragments by PCR Amplification of T7 or SV40 templates



(A)

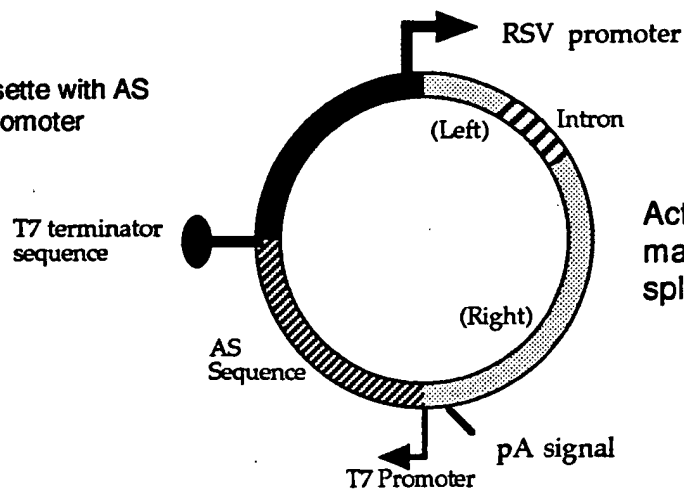
Fusion of PCR fragments together in eucaryotic expression vector



(B)

Introduction of cassette with AS directed from T7 promoter

(C)

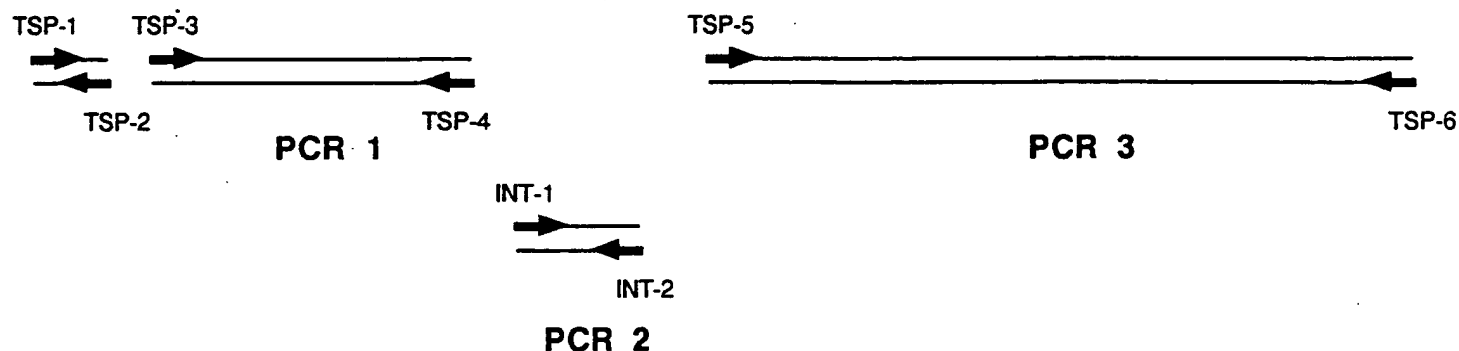


Active T7 RNA polymerase is only made in eucaryotic cells after splicing out of SV40 Intron

Figure 25

Construction of T7 Expression Vector

A) Synthesis of pieces



B) Oligomers used for synthesis

TSP-1	GGA ATT CGT CTC GAG CTC TGA TCA CCA CCA TGG ACA CGA TTA ACA TCG C
TSP-2	GAC TAG TTG GTC TCG TCT CTT TTT TGG AGG AGT GTC GTT CTT AGC GAT GTT AAT C
TSP-3	GGA ATT CGT CTC GGA GAA AGG TAA AAT TCT CTG ACA TCG AAC TGG C
TSP-4	GAC TAG TGG TCT CCC CTT AGA GAG CAT GTC AGC
TSP-5	GGA ATT CGG TCT CGG GTC TAC TCG GTG GCG AGG
TSP-6	GAC TAG TCG TTA CGC GAA CGC AAA GTC
INT-1	GGA ATT CGT CTC TAA GGT AAA TAT AAA ATT TTT AAG
INT-2	GAC TAG TCG TCT CTG ACC CTA AAA TAC ACA AAC AAT TAG A

Figure 26

Synthesis of Pieces for Construction of
T7 RNA Polymerase with Intron

Formation of Nuclear Localisation Signal by Fusion of TSP1/TSP2 Product to Clone with PCR #1 product

Annealing of TSP1 with TSP2

TSP1

5' GG AAT TCG TCT CGA GCT CTG ATC ACC ACC ATG GAC ACG ATT AAC ATC GC 3'

3' C TAA TTG TAG CGA TTC TTG CTG TGA GGA GGT TTT TTC TCT GCT CTG GTT GAT CAG 5' TSP2

Extension of TSP1/TSP2 by polymerase

5' GG AAT TCG TCT CGA GCT CTG ATC ACC ACC ATG GAC ACG ATT AAC ATC GCT AAG AAC GAC ACT CCT CCA AAA AAG AGA CGA GAC CAA CTA CTC 3'
3' CC TTA AGC AGA GCT CGA GAC GTA TGG TGG TAC CTG TGC TAA TTG TAG CGA TTC TTG CTG TGA GGA GGT TTT TTC TCT GCT CTG GTT GAT CAG 5' Bsa I

Digestion of TSP1/TSP2 product with Bsa I

5' GG AAT TCG TCT CGA GCT CTG ATC ACC ACC ATG GAC ACG ATT AAC ATC GCT AAG AAC GAC ACT CCT CCA AAA AA
3' CC TTA AGC AGA GCT CGA GAC GTA TGG TGG TAC CTG TGC TAA TTG TAG CGA TTC TTG CTG TGA GGA GGT TTT TTC TCT

Digestion of PCR #1 clone (pL-1) with BsmB I

Bsm B1
5' GGA ATT GGT CTC G GAGA AAG GTA AAA TTC TCT GAC ATC GAA CTG GC-----
CCT TAA GCA GAG CTTCT TTC CAT TTT AAG AGA CTG TAG CTT GAC CG-----

Ligation of Bsa I digested TS1/TS2 product to BsmB I digested PCR#1 clone

5' GG AAT TCG TCT CGA GCT CTG ATC ACC ACC ATG GAC ACG ATT AAC ATC GCT AAG AAC GAC ACT CCT CCA AAA AAG AGA AAG GTA AAA TTC
3' CC TTA AGC AGA GCT CGA GAC GTA TGG TGG TAC CTG TGC TAA TTG TAG CGA TTC TTG CTG TGA GGA GGT TTT TTC TCT TTC CAT TTT AAG
TCT GAC ATC GAA CTG GC-----
AGA CTG TAG CTT GAC CG-----

Figure 27

Comparison of the 5' ends of the Nucleotide Sequences of Wild Type and Modified T7 RNA Polymerase

Wild Type T7 nucleic and amino acid sequence

ATG	GAC	ACG	ATT	AAC	ATC	GCT	AGG	AAC	GAC	TTC	TCT	GAC	ATC	GAA	CTG	GC	-----
TAC	CTG	TGC	TAA	TTG	TAG	CGA	TTC	TTG	CTG	AAG	AGA	CTG	TAG	CTT	GAC	CG	-----
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		

Modified T7 nucleic and amino acid sequence with Nuclear Localisation Signal (NLS) insertion

ATG	GAC	ACG	ATT	AAC	ATC	GCT	AGG	AAC	GAC	ACT	CCT	CCA	AAA	AAG	GTA	AAA	TTC	TCT	GAC	ATC	GAA	CTG	GC	-----		
TAC	CTG	TGC	TAA	TTG	TAG	CGA	TTC	TTG	CTG	TGA	GGA	GGT	TTT	TTT	TTC	TCT	TTC	CTT	AAG	AGA	CTG	TAG	CTT	GAC	CG	-----
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10								11	12	13	14	15	16				

Figure 28

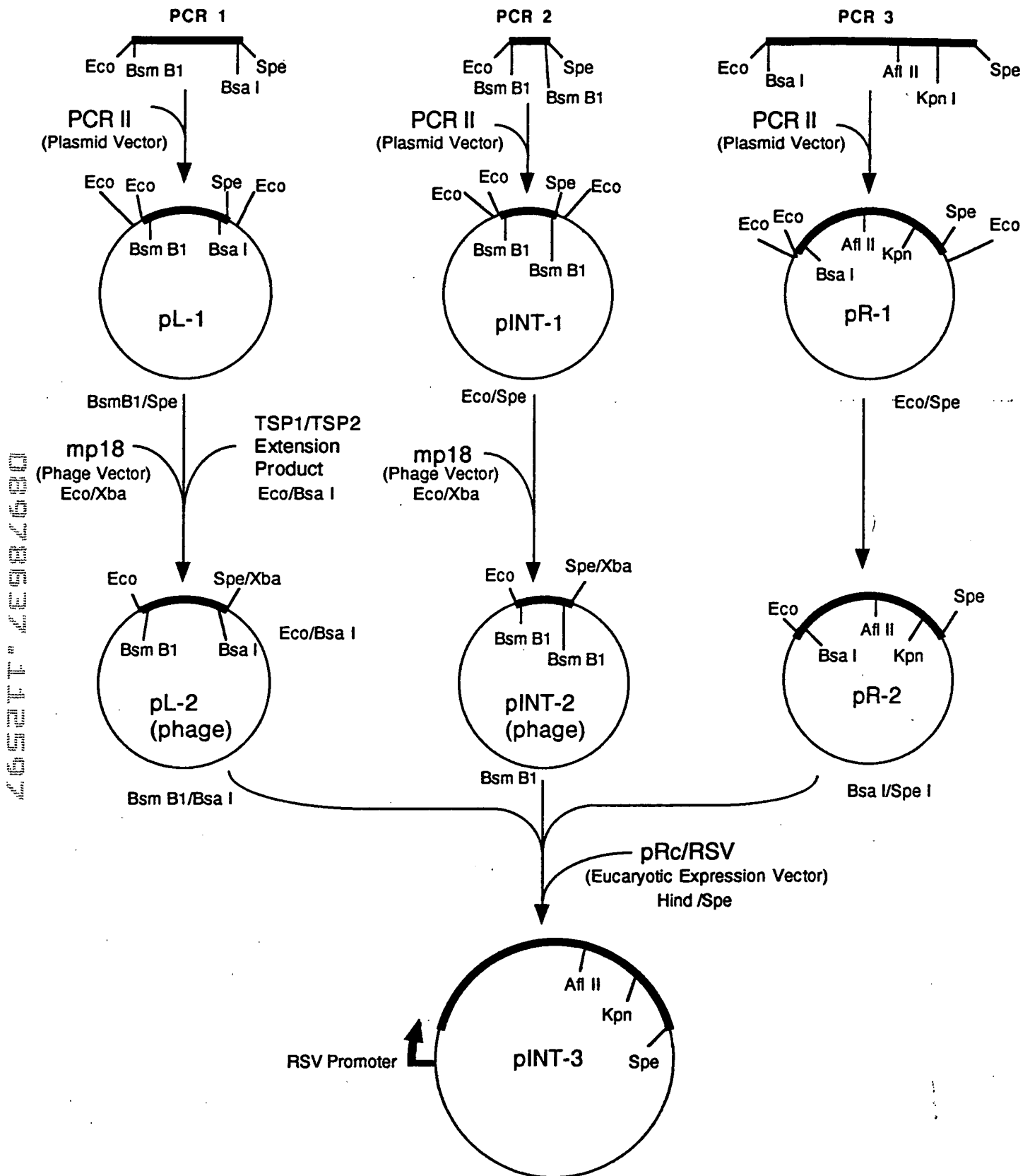


Figure 29

Fusion of PCR Pieces to Construct
T7 RNA Polymerase with an Intron

(A) Oligomers

HTA-1	GAT CAT TAG ACC AGA TCT GAG CCT GGG AGC TCT CTG GCT AAC TAG GGA ACC CAC TGCTTA AGC CTC AAG
HTA-2	GAT CCT TGA GGC TTA AGC AGT GGG TTC CCT AGT TAG CCA GAG AGC TCC CAG GCT CAG ATC TGG TCT AAT
HTB-1	GAT CAC CTT AGG CTC TCC TAT GGC AGG AAG AAG CGG AGA CAG CGA CGA AGA CCT CCT CAA G
HTB-2	GAT CCT TGA GGA GGT CTT CGT CGC TGT CTC CGC TTC TTC CTG CCA TAG GAG AGC CTA AGG T
HTC-1	GAT CAT AGT GAA TAG AGT TAG GCA GGG ATA CTC ACC ATT ATC GTT TCA GAC CCA CCT CCC AG
HTC-2	GAT CCT GGG AGG TGG GTC TGA AAC GAT AAT GGT GAG TAT CCC TGC CTA ACT CTA TTC ACT AT
TER-1	AAT CTA GAG CTA ACA AAG CCC GAA AGG AAG
TER-2	TTC TGC AGA TAT AGT TCC TCC TTT CAG C

(B) Cloning of AS and Terminator sequences into vector with T7 Promoter

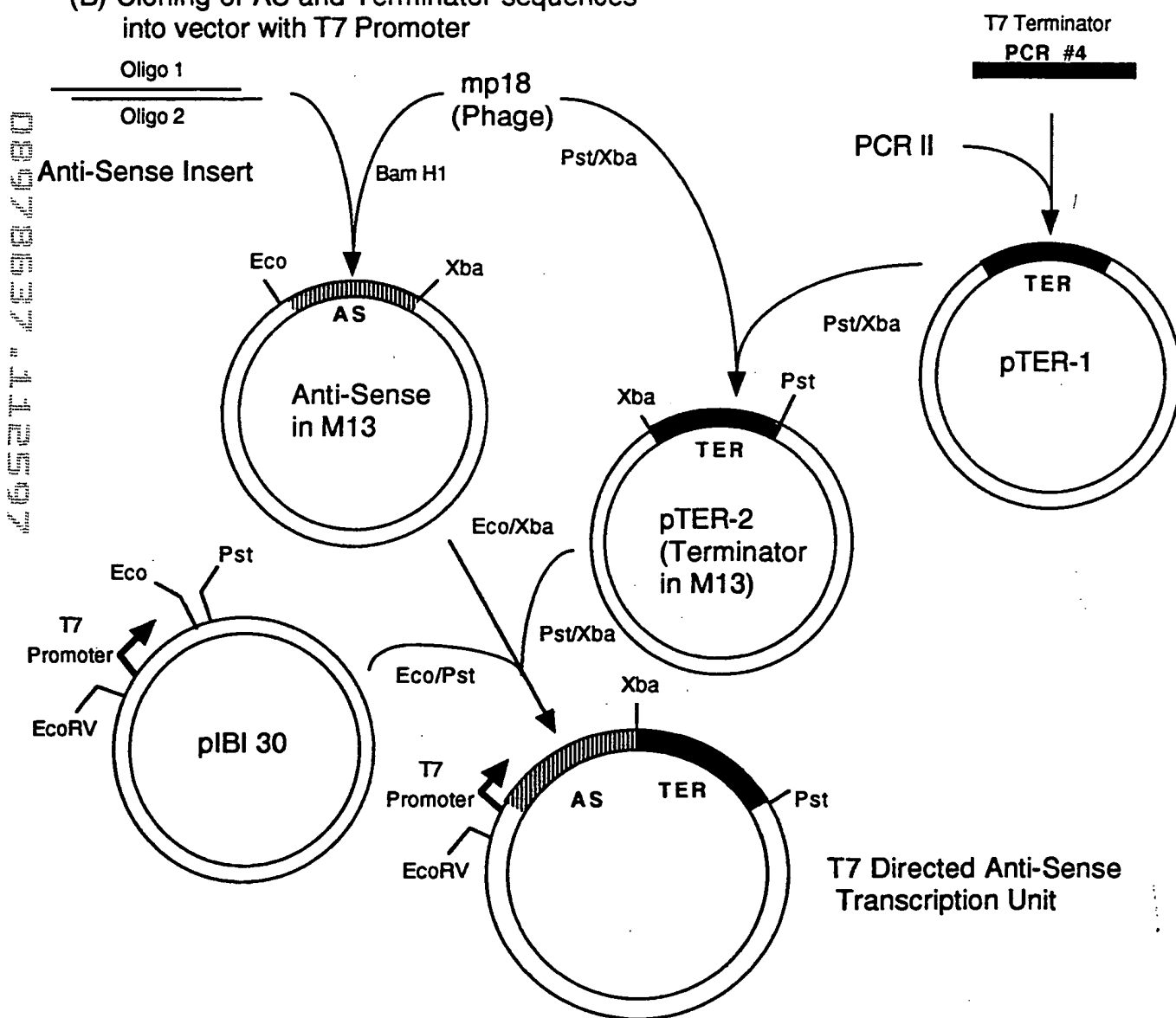


Figure 30
Insertion of Anti-Sense Sequences into
T7 Directed Transcription Units

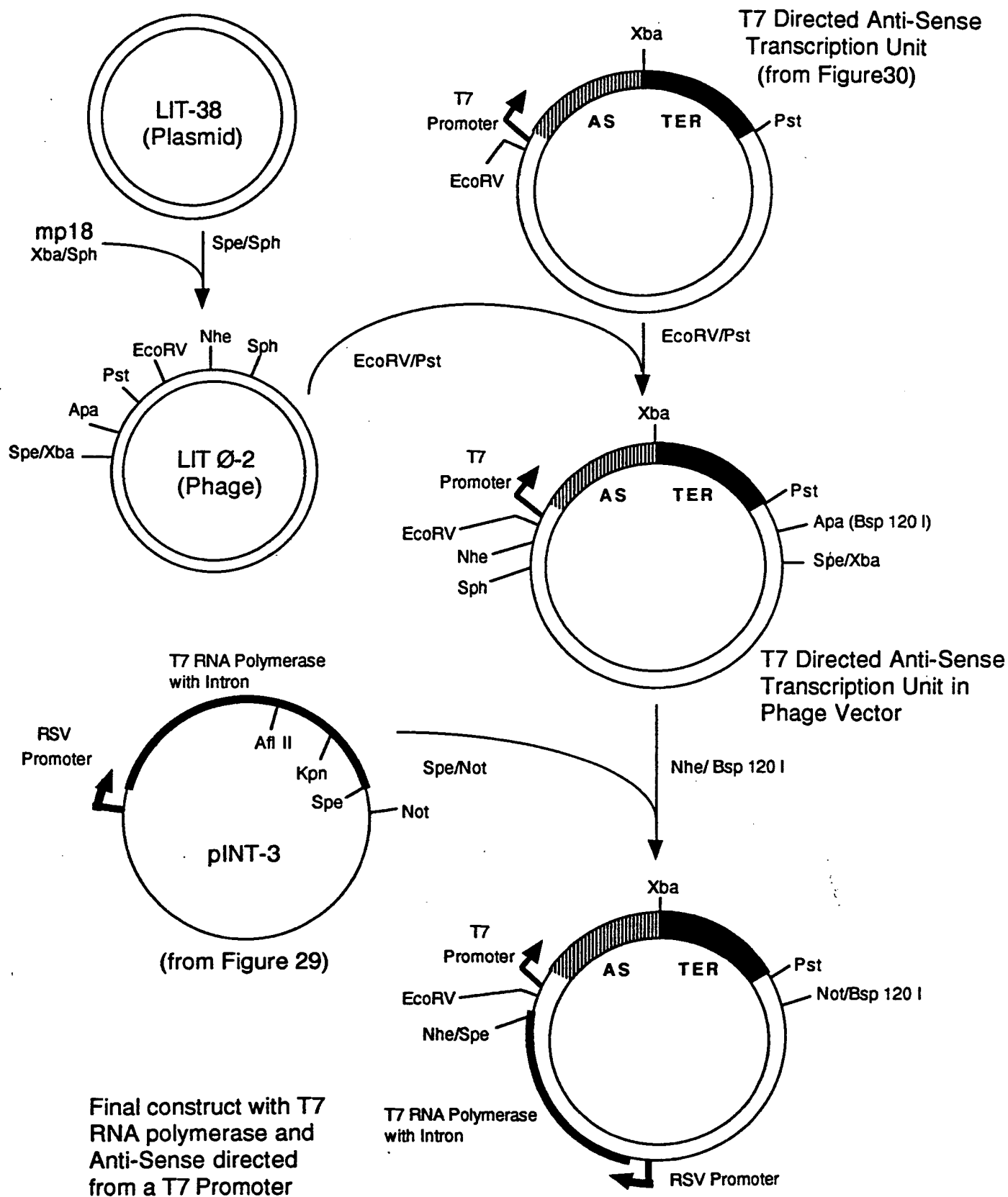


Figure 31

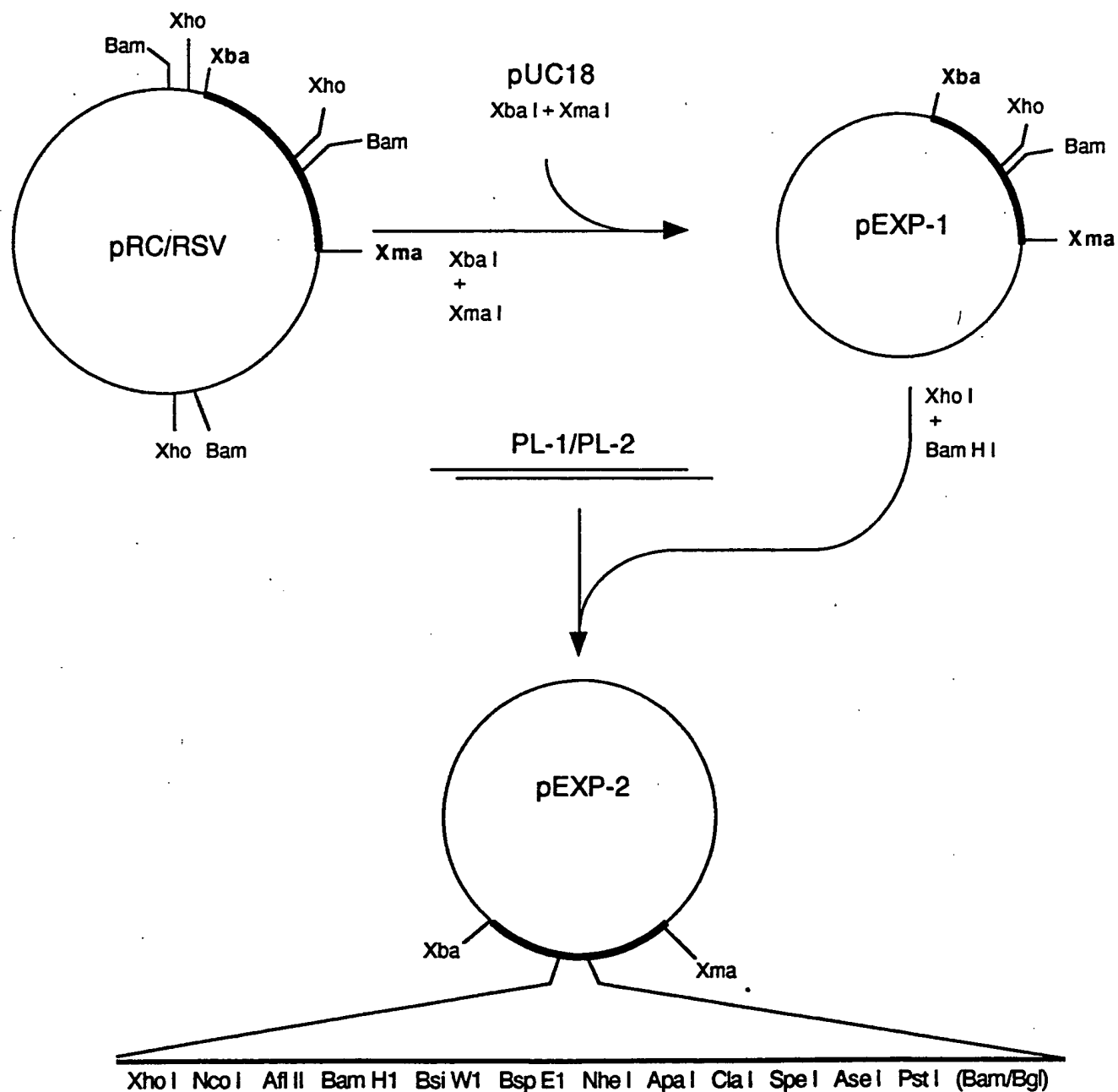
Construct with T7 RNA polymerase and
Anti-Sense directed from a T7 Promoter

06978637 1139
"SECRET"

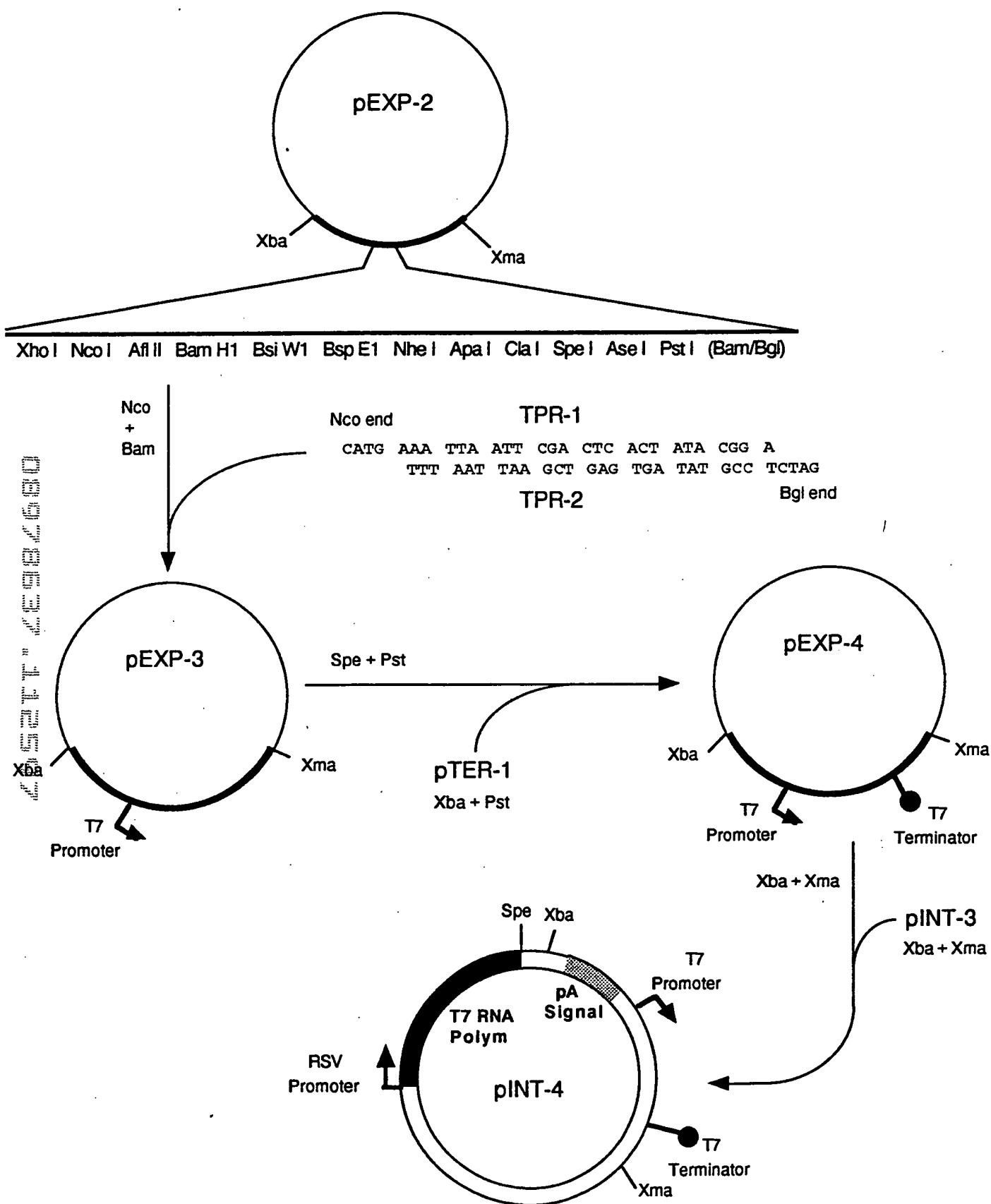
A) Oligomers for introduction of T7 signals and polylinker

PL-1 TCG AGC CAT GGC TTA AGG ATC CGT ACG TCC GGA GCT AGC GGG CCC ATC GAT ACT
 AGT TAA ATG CAG ATC T

PL-2 CTA GAG ATC TGC ATT TAA CTA GTA TCG ATG GGC CCG CTA GCT CCG GAC GTA CGG
 ATC CTT AAG CCA TGG C

**Figure 32**

Introduction of Poly-Linker for Creation of Protein Expression Vector

**Figure 33**

Final steps for construction of Expression Vector

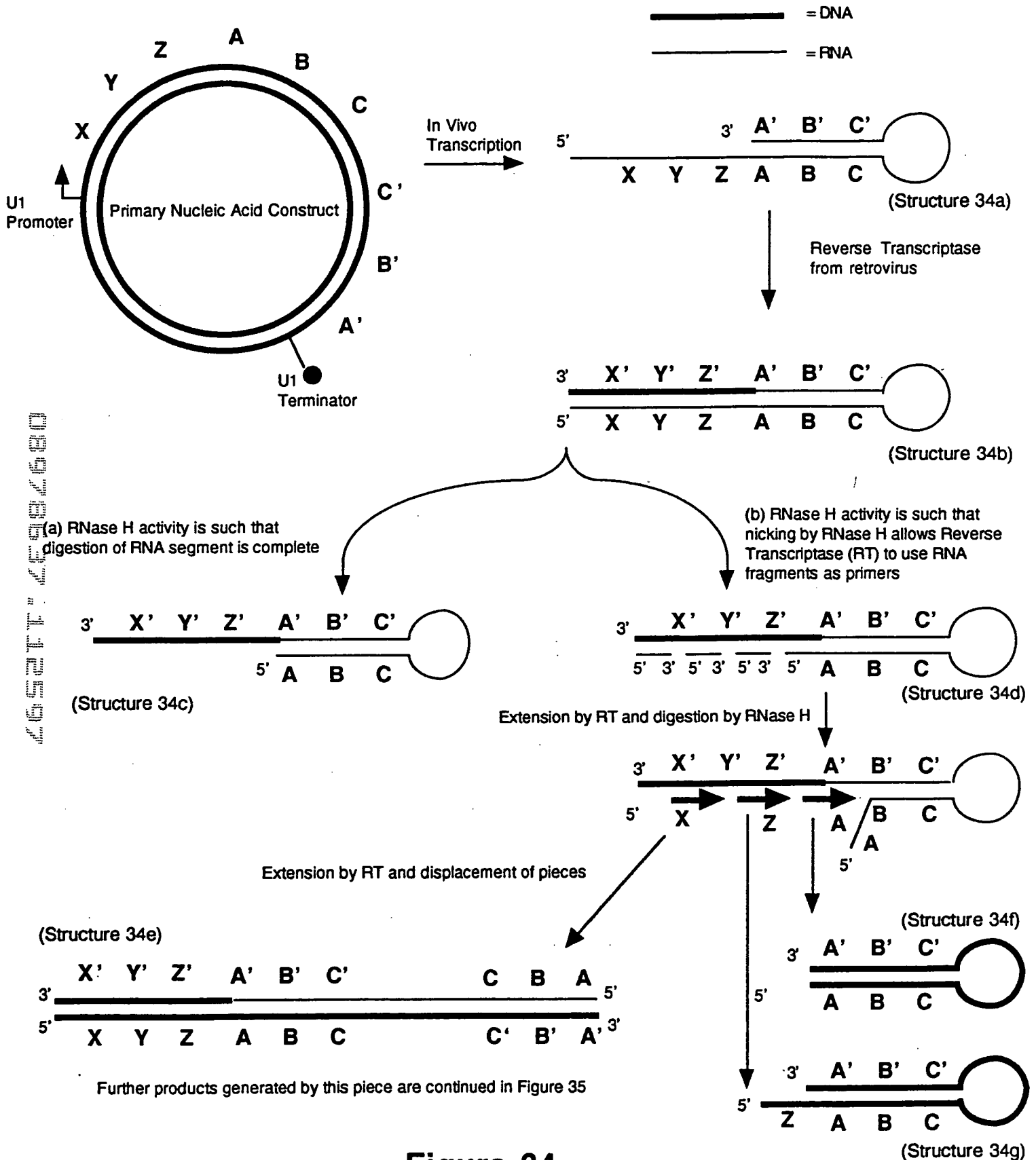
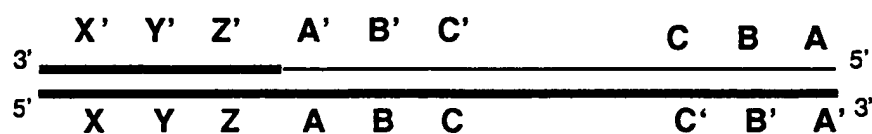


Figure 34

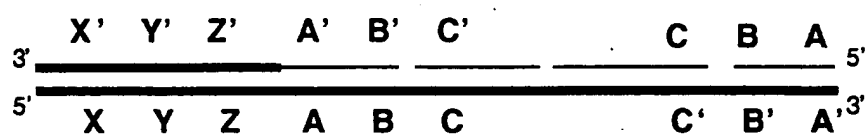
Construct that produces single-stranded Anti-Sense DNA

Continued from Figure 34

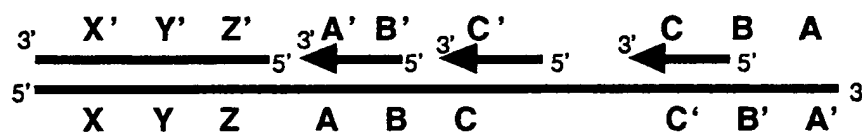
(Structure 34e)



Nicking by RNase H



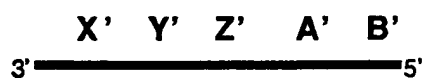
Extension by RT and digestion by RNase H



(Structure 35h)



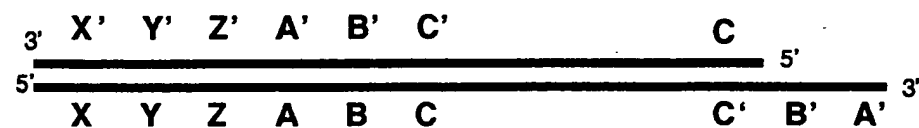
(Structure 35i)



(Structure 35j)



(Structure 35k)



Extension by RT and displacement generates Single-Stranded DNA and a mostly Double-stranded DNA molecule

Figure 35
Continuation of Process from Figure 34

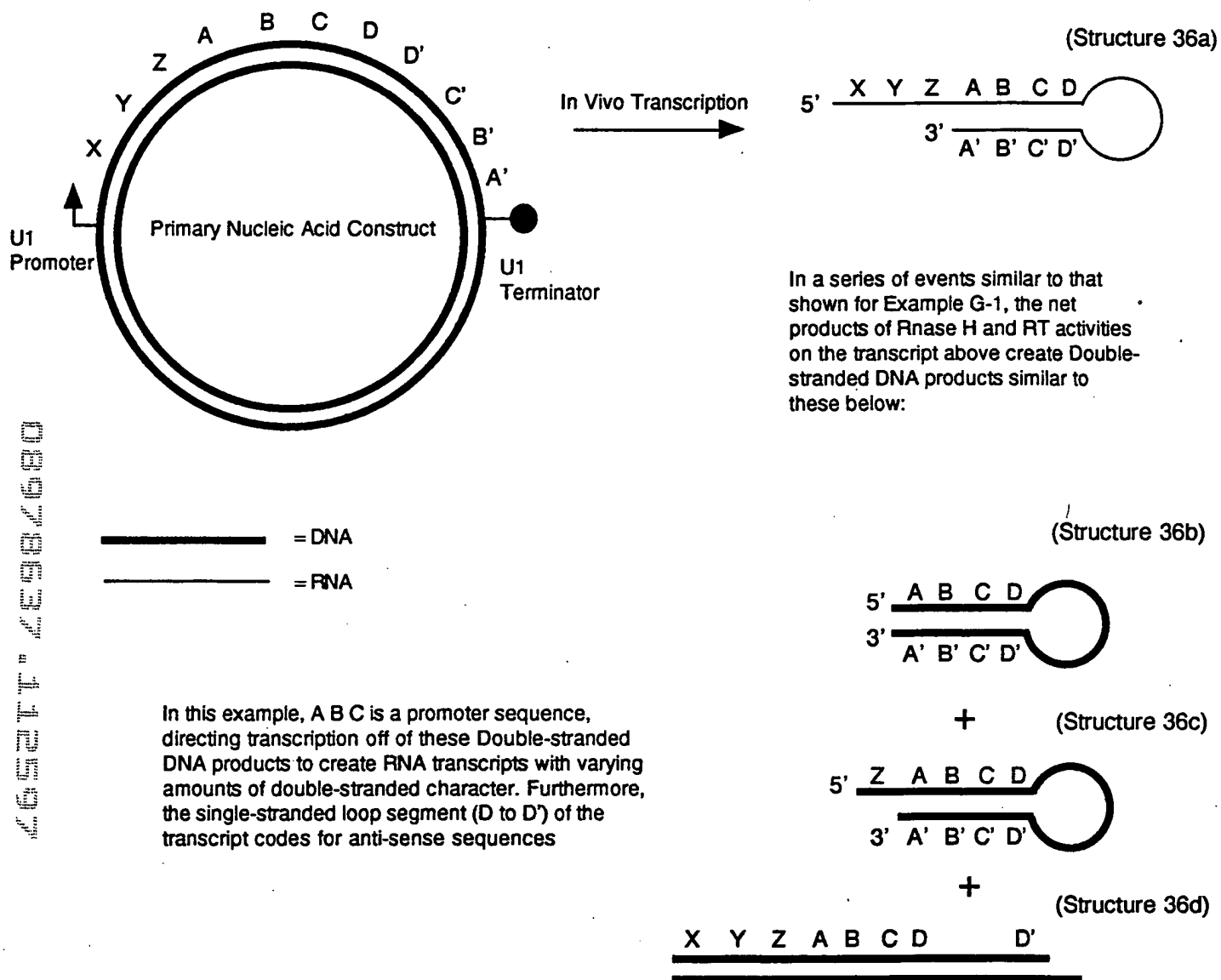
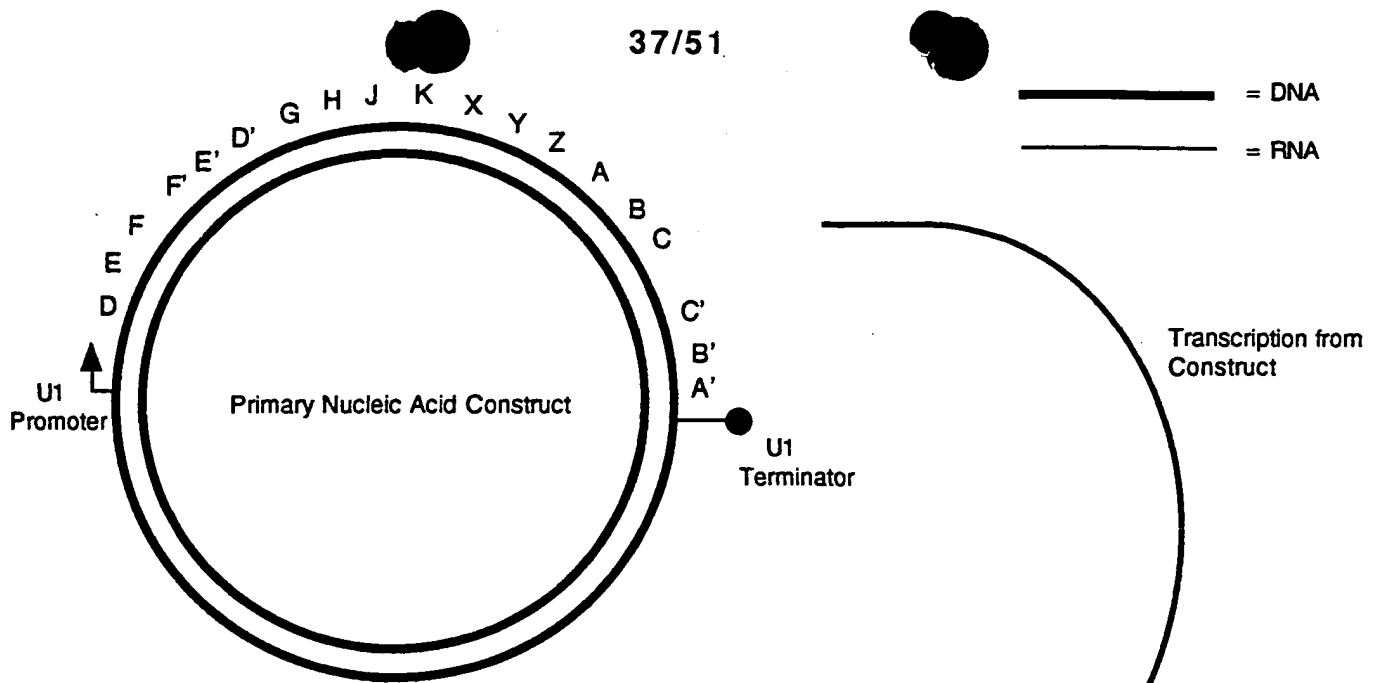
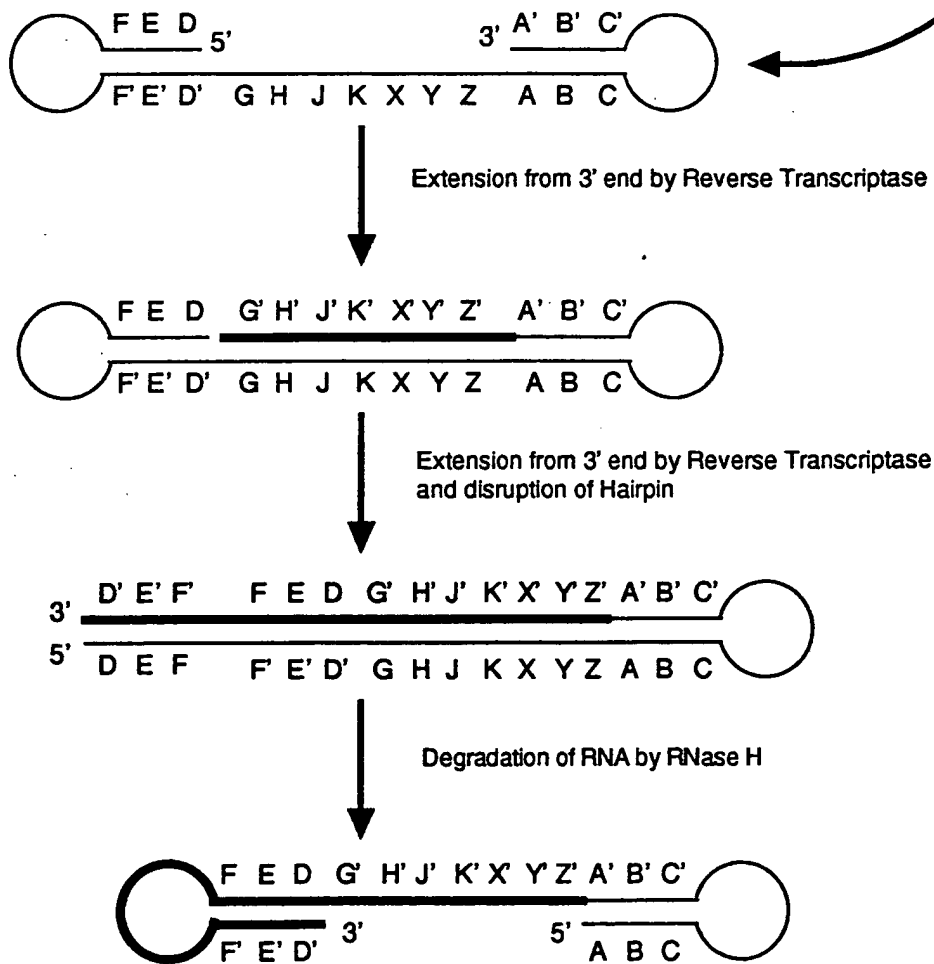


Figure 36

Construct that produces RNA that is Reverse Transcribed to create Secondary DNA Constructs capable of directing transcription



(Structure 37a)



(Continued in Figure 38)

Figure 37

Construct which Propagates a Double Hairpin Production Center

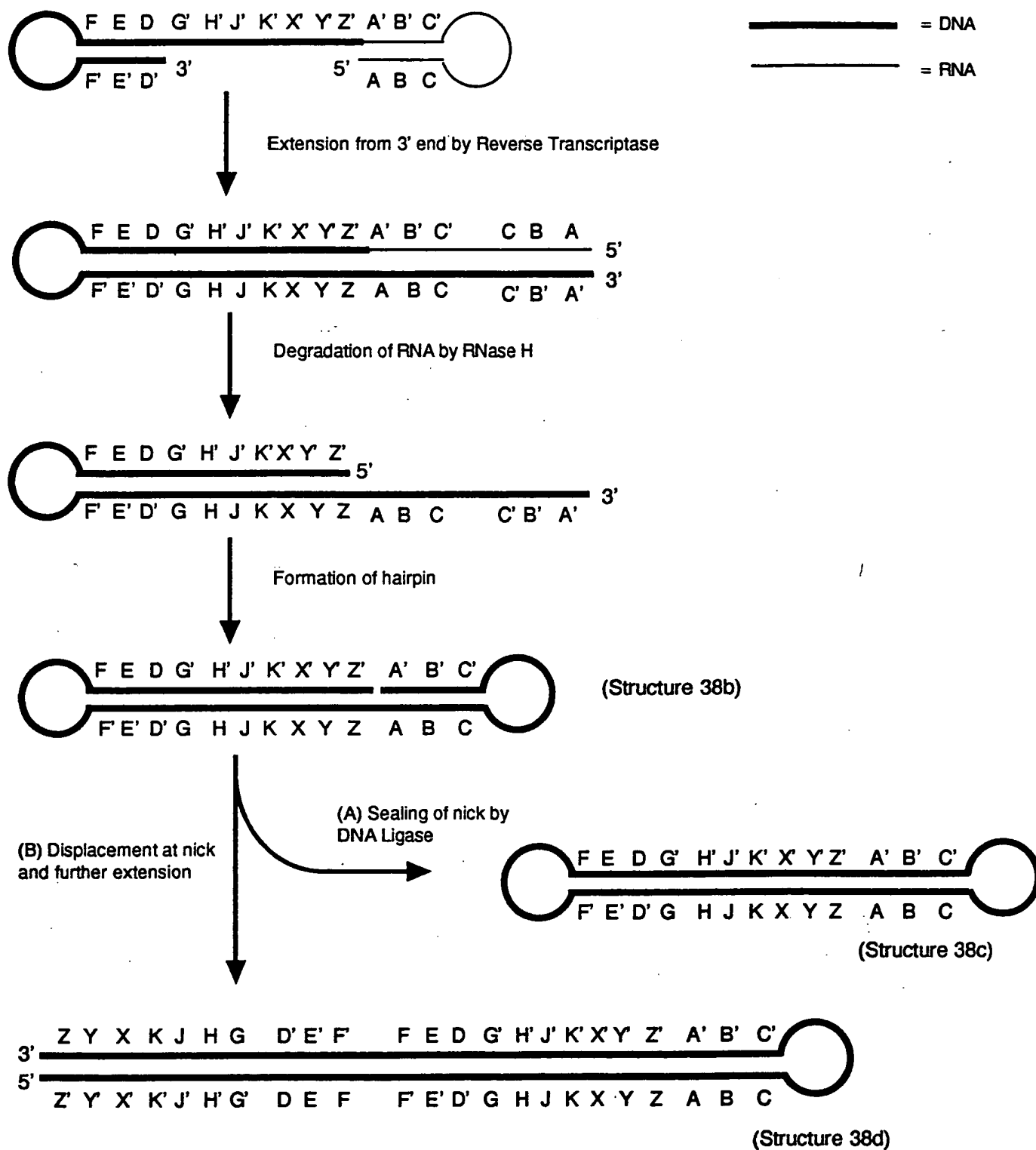


Figure 38

Continuation of process from Figure 37

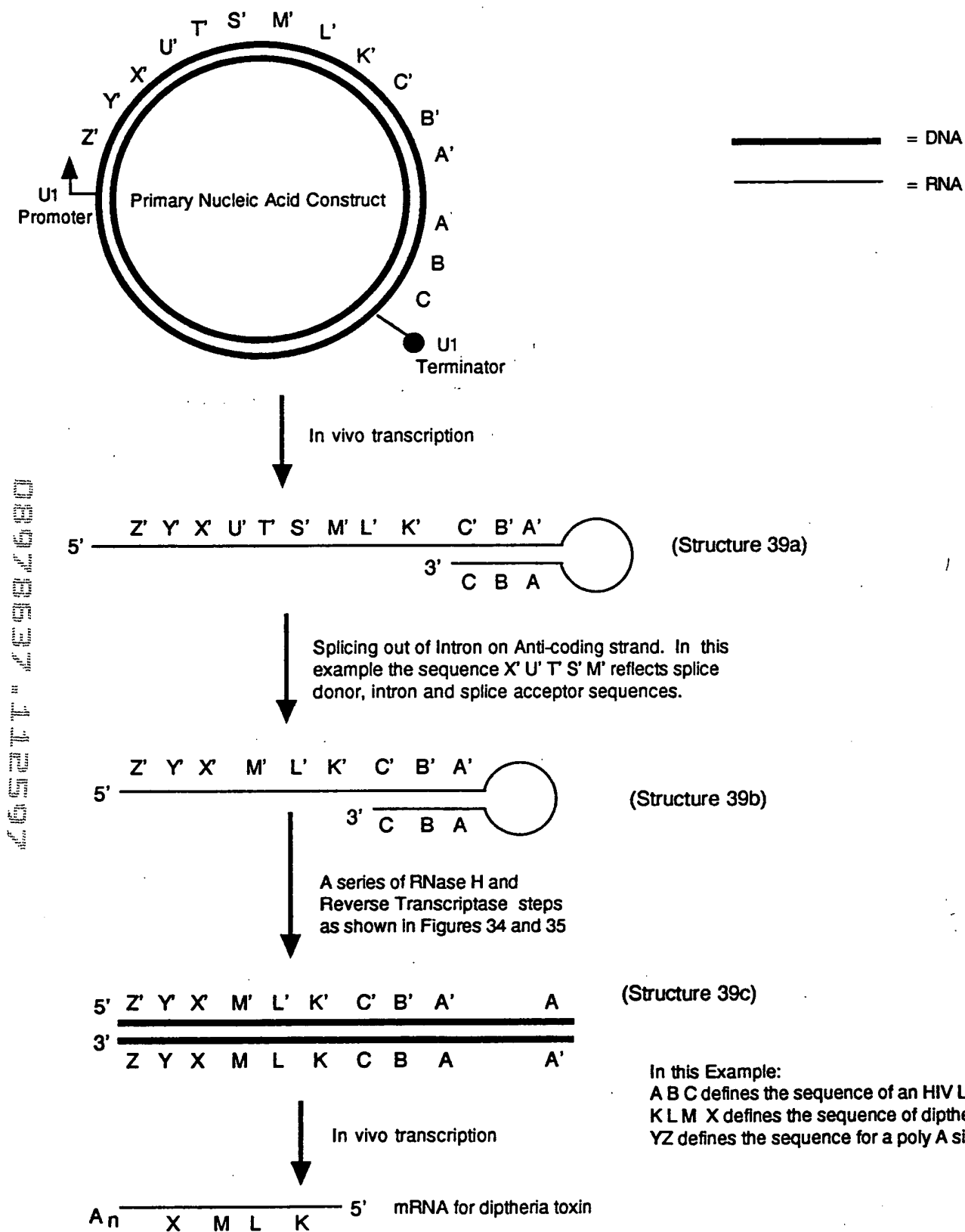
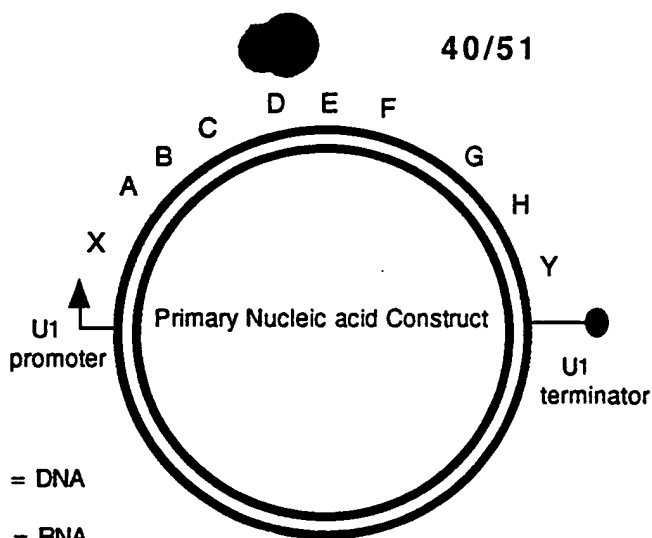


Figure 39

Construct which propagates a Production Center capable of Inducible Suicide



The sequence A B C defines a promoter

The sequence D E F defines an Anti-Sense sequence

The sequence G H defines a poly A addition site

The sequence defined by Y defines a primer binding site for tRNA primer #1

The sequence defined by X' defines a primer binding site for tRNA primer #2

In Vivo Transcription

5' X A B C D E F G H Y 3'

(Structure 40a)

Priming by tRNA #1

5' X A B C D E F G H Y 3'

tRNA primer #1

Extension from tRNA primer

5' X A B C D E F G H Y 3'

3' X' A' B' C' D' E' F' G' H' 5'

(Structure 40b)

Degradation of RNA by RNaseH

3' X' A' B' C' D' E' F' G' H' 5'

(Structure 40c)

Priming by tRNA #2

tRNA primer #2

3' X' A' B' C' D' E' F' G' H' 5'

Extension from tRNA primer

5' A B C D E F G H 3'

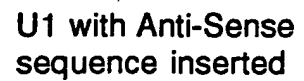
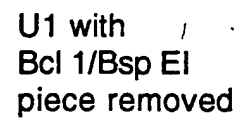
3' X' A' B' C' D' E' F' G' H' 5'

(Structure 40d)

Figure 40

Use of tRNA primers to create a DNA construct for secondary production of transcripts

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Excision of Sequences from U1 Transcript Region and Replacement with Novel Sequences

(A) Anti-sense oligomers

HVA-1 GAT CCG GAT TGA GGC TTA AGC AGT GGG TTC CCT AGT TAG CCA GAG AGC TCC CAG GCT CAG ATC TGG TCT AAT

HVA-2 CCG GAT TAG ACC AGA TCT GAG CCT GGG AGC TCT CTG GCT AAC TAG GGA ACC CAC TGC TTA AGC CTC AAT CCG

HVB-1 GAT CCG GAC CTT GAG GAG GTC TTC GTC GCT GTC TCC GCT TCT TCC TGC CAT AGG AGA GCC TAA GGT

HVB-2 CCG GAC CTT AGG CTC TCC TAT GGC AGG AAG AAG CGG AGA CAG CGA CGA AGA CCT CCT CAA GGT CCG

HVC-1 GAT CCG GAT GGG AGG TGG GTC TGA AAC GAT AAT GGT GAG TAT CCC TGC CTA ACT CTA TTC ACT AT

HVC-2 CCG GAT AGT GAA TAG AGT TAG GCA GGG ATA CTC ACC ATT ATC GTT TCA GAC CCA CCT CCC ATC CG

HVD-1 GAT CAG CAT GCC TGC AGG TCG ACT CTA GAC CCG GGT ACC GAG CTC GCC CTA TAG TGA GT C GTA TTA T

HVD-2 CCG GAT AAT ACG ACT CAC TAT AGG GCG AGC TCG GTA CCC GGG TCT AGA GTC GAC CTG CAG GCA TGC T

(B) Replacement of U1 sequences with HIV Anti-sense sequences

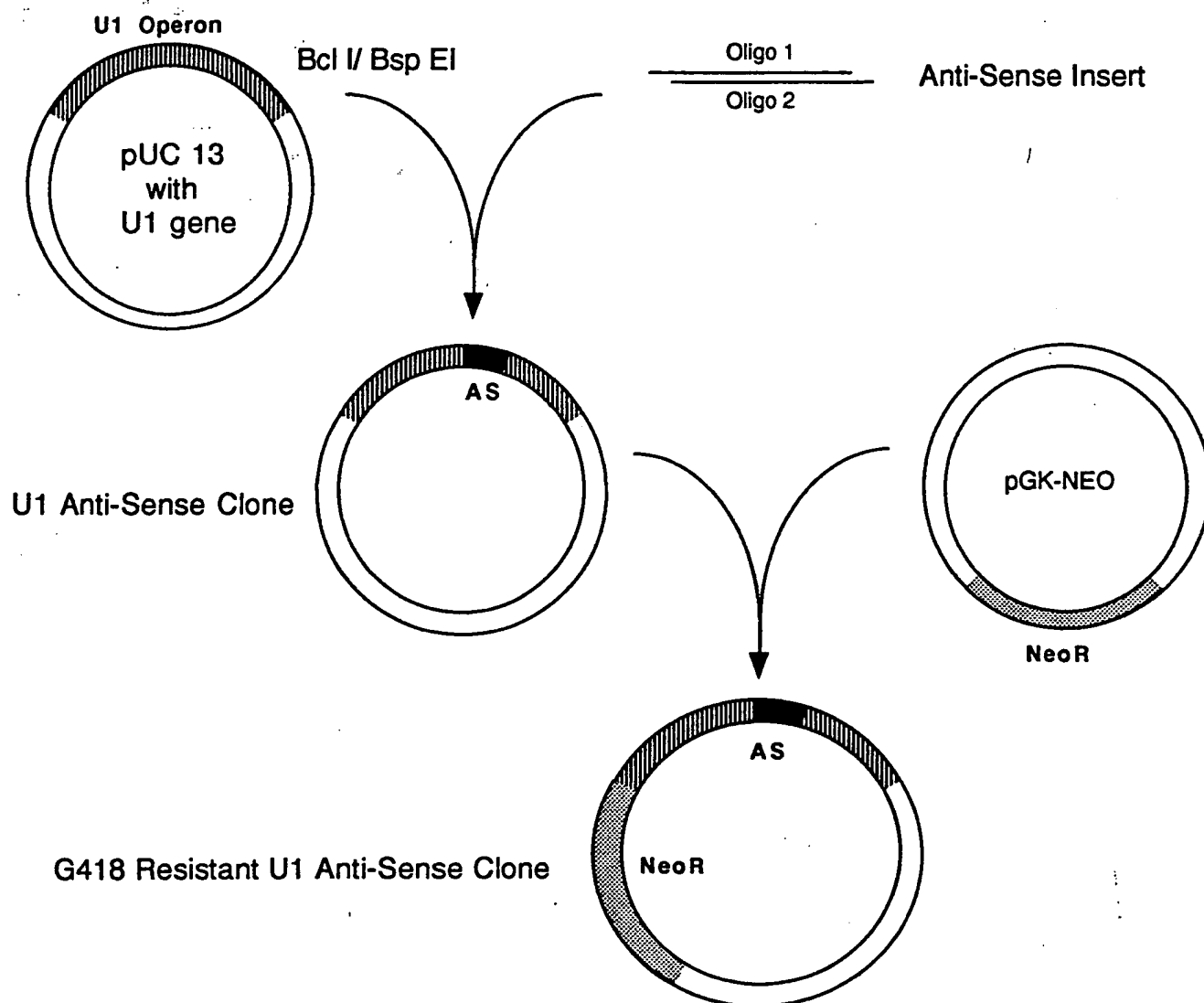


Figure 42

Insertion of Anti-Sense Sequences into U1 Operons

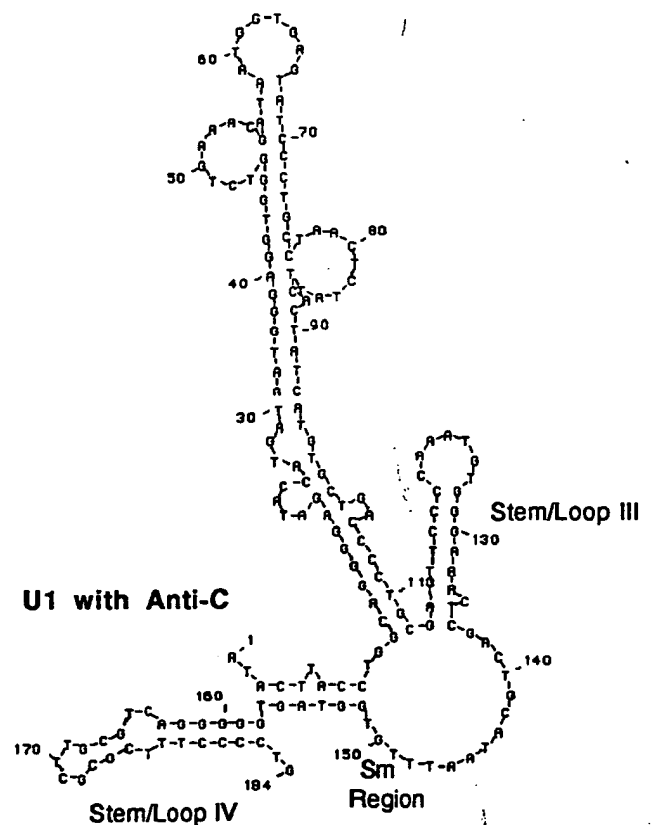
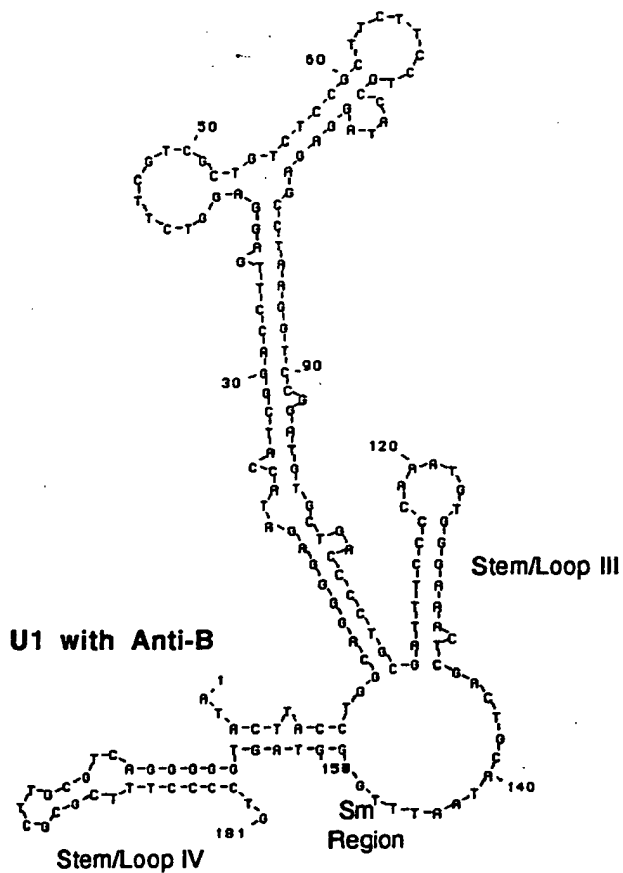
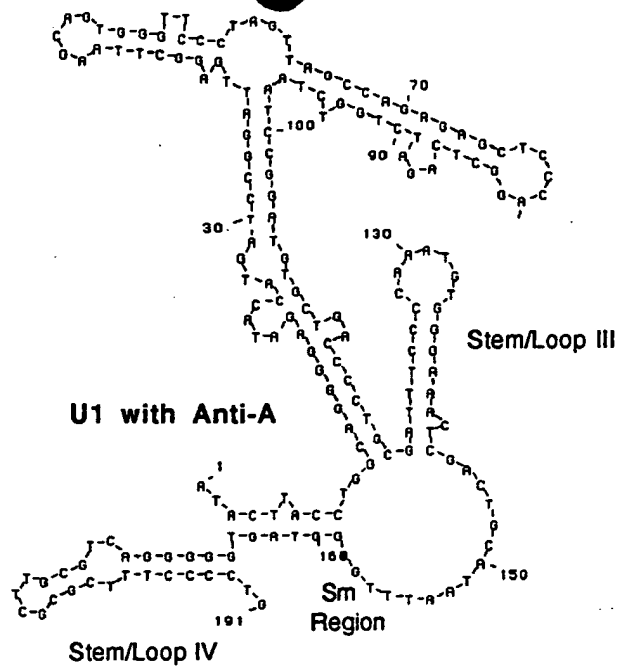
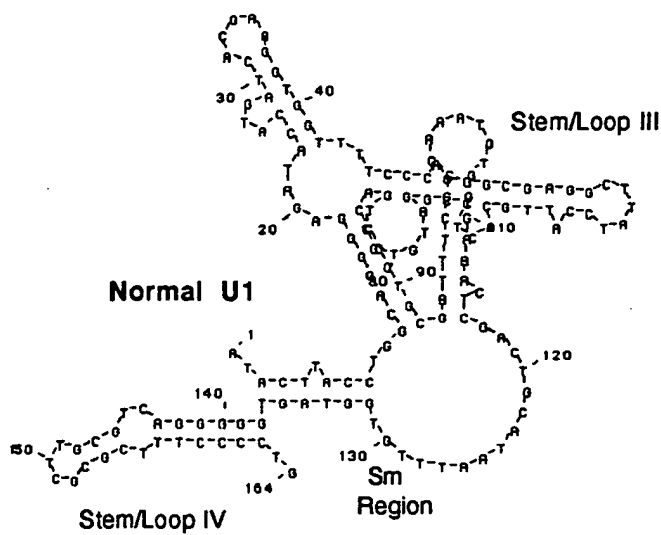


Figure 43
Predicted Secondary structures for U1
Transcripts with Anti-sense Substitutions

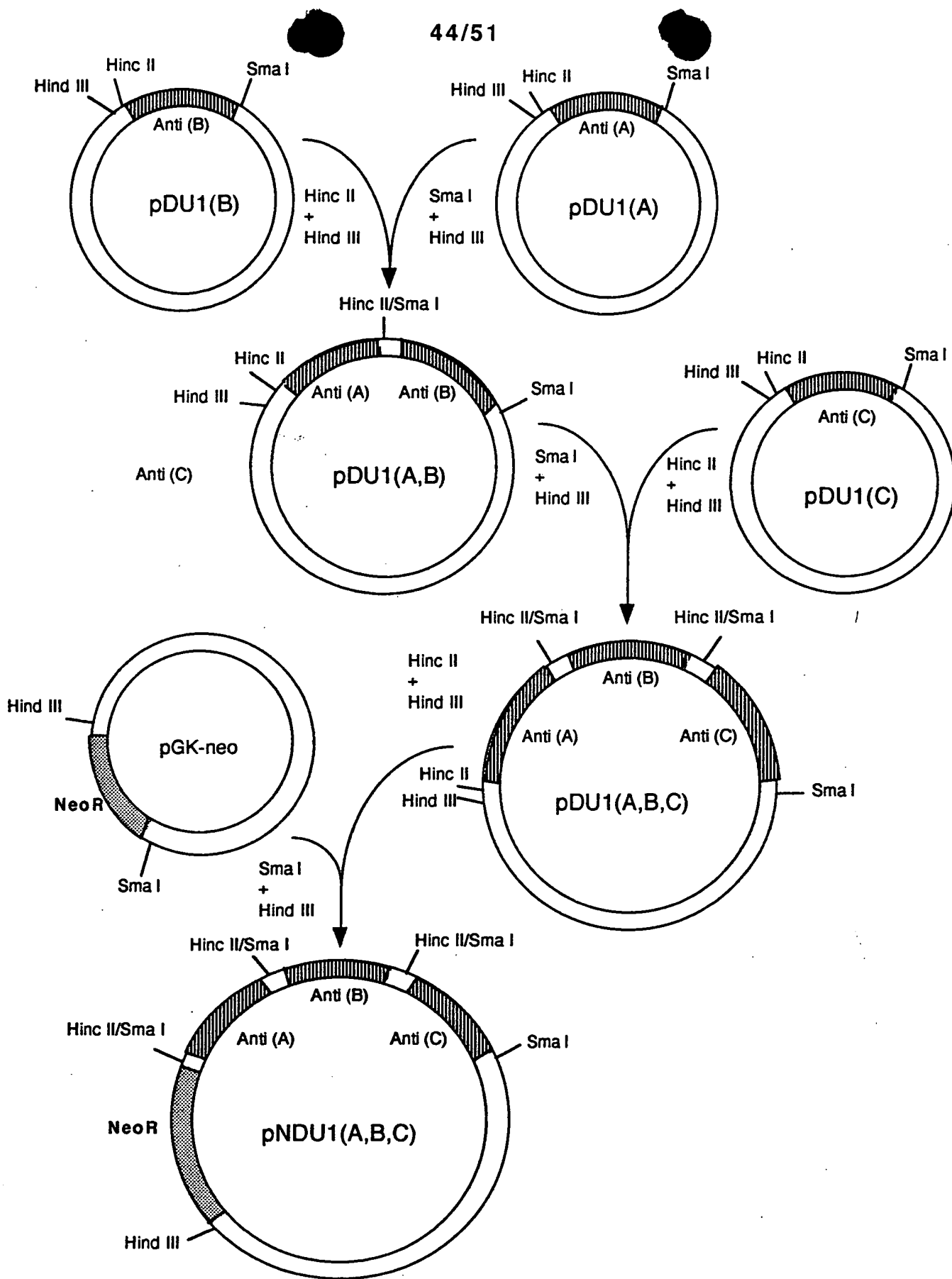


Figure 44
Construction of U1 Multiple Operon Clone

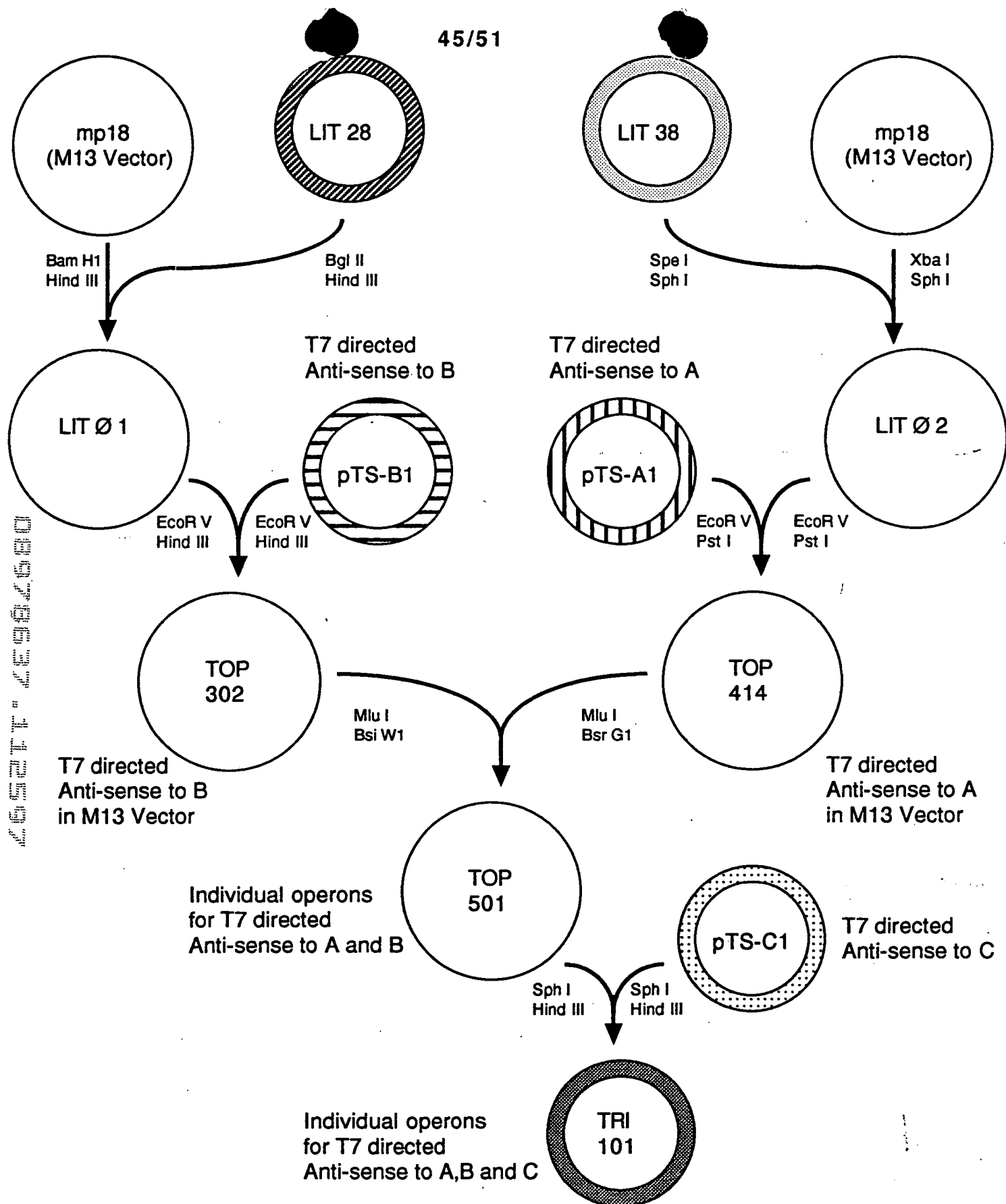
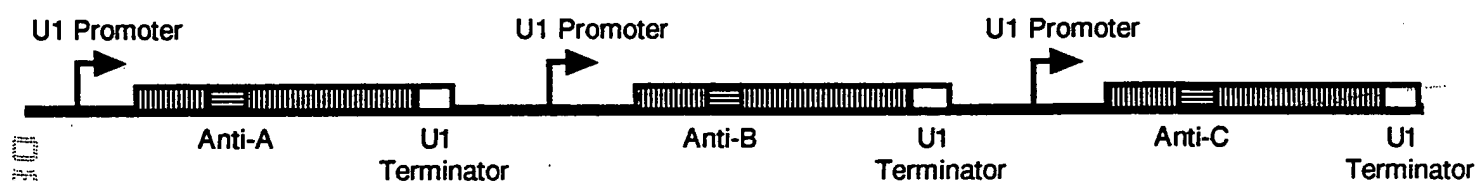


Figure 45
Construction of T7 Triple Operon

pNDU1(A,B,C)

Triple U1 Operon Construct with HIV Anti-Sense



TRI 101

Triple T7 Operon Construct with HIV Anti-Sense

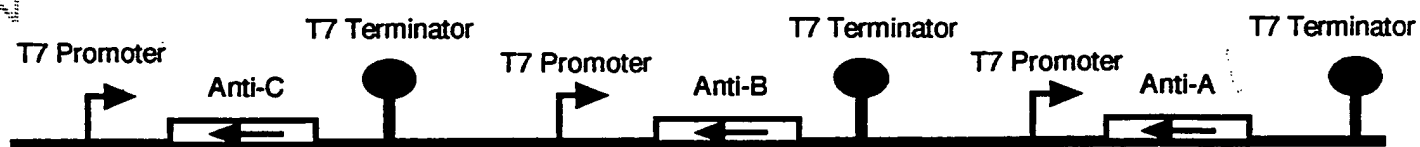


Figure 46

Structures of Triple Operon Constructs
from Figures 44 and 45

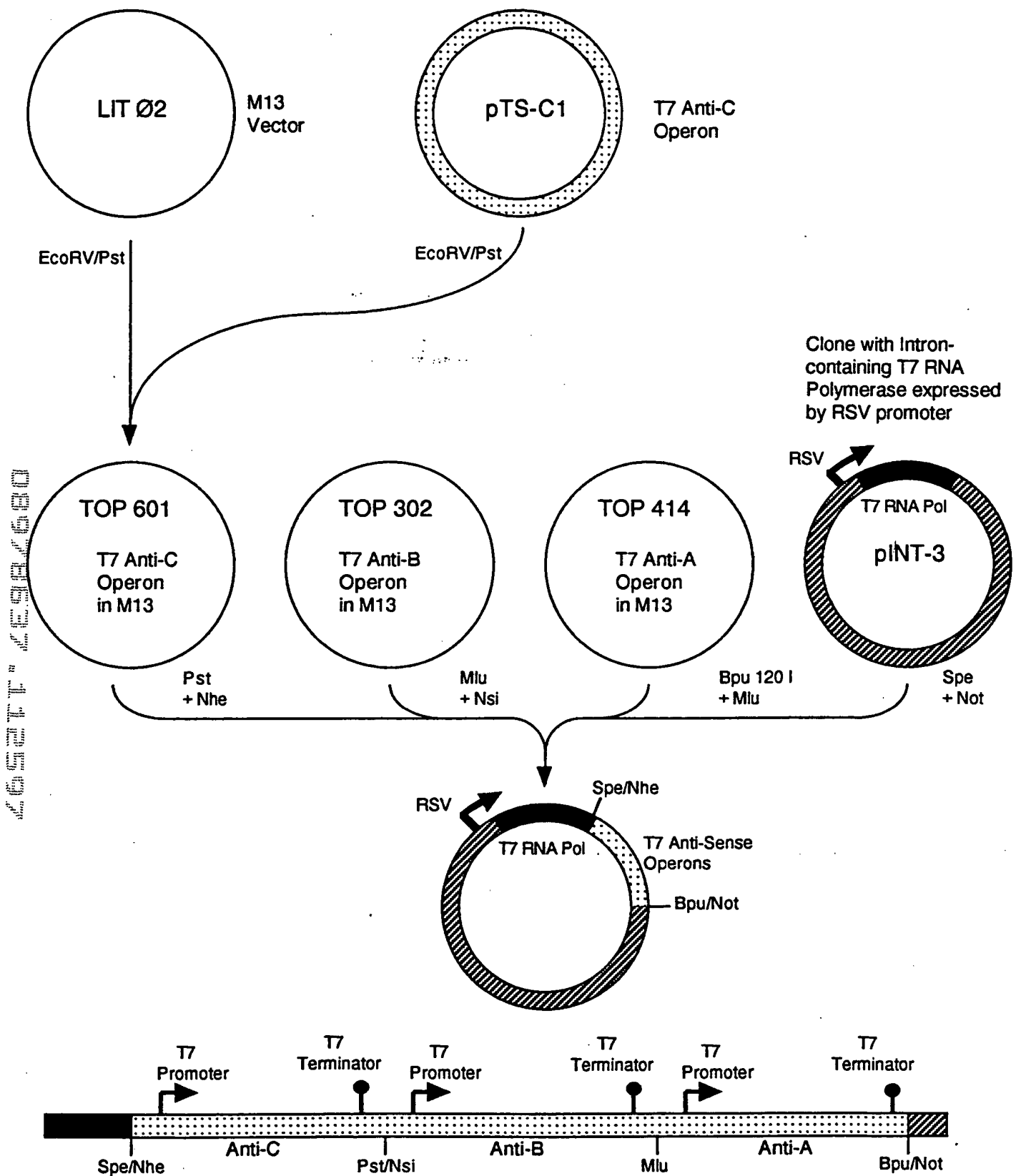
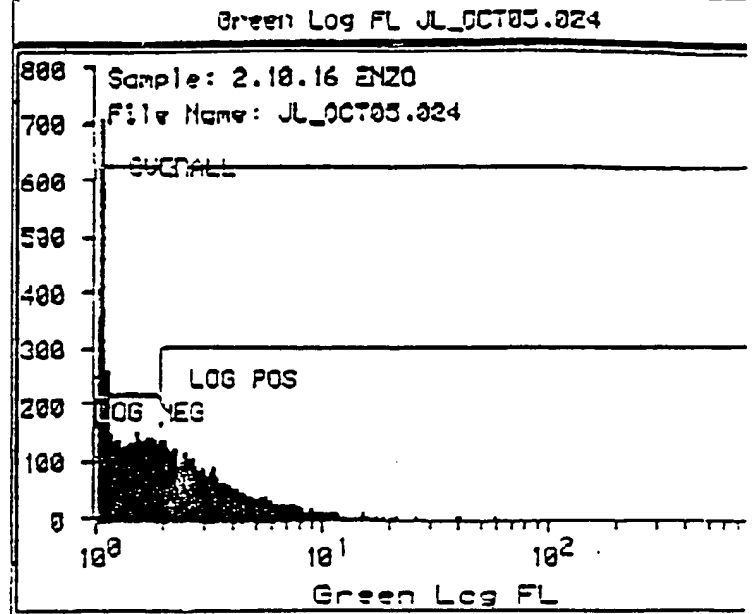
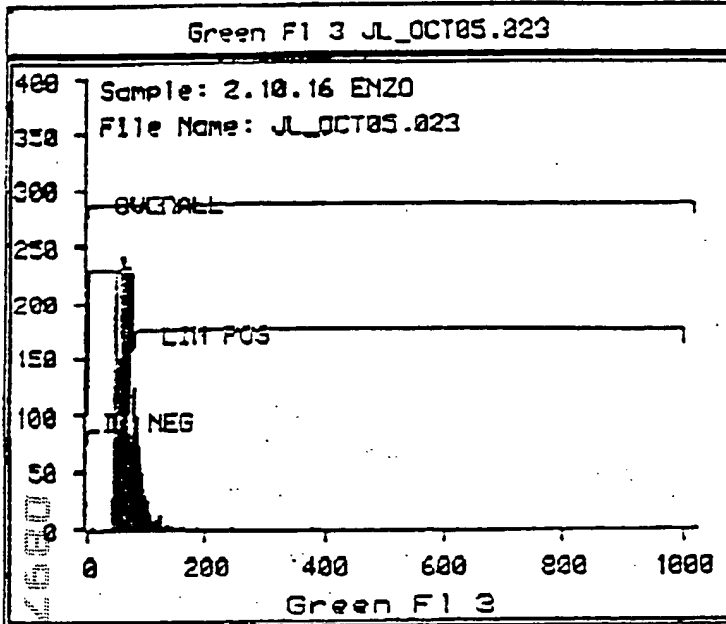


Figure 47

Construction of Multiple T7 Operons in Vector coding for T7 RNA Polymerase



Global Statistics									
1. Green F1 3 JL_OCT05.023				Total = 7509					
2. Green Log FL JL_OCT05.024				Total = 7509					
Hist	Region	Bounds	Counts	%	Mean X	Mean Y	Mode	Xc	
1.	LIN NEG	1 78	5714	76.1	63.65		70	14	
	LIN POS	85 1002	1129	15.0	97.34		85	17	
	OVERALL	1 1024	7509	100.0	70.28		70	23	
2.	LOG NEG	2 2	4211	56.1	2.34		2	21	
	LOG POS	2 1001	3407	45.4	4.76		3	69	
	OVERALL	2 1001	7509	100.0	3.43		2	88	

Figure 48

Flow cytometry data measuring binding of
anti-CD4+ antibody to HIV resistant U037 cells



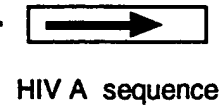
Figure 49

PCR amplification of gag region
indicating absence of HIV in
viral resistant cell line (2.10.16)
after challenge

Eucaryotic vector
expressing lac Z gene



Insertion of HIV sequence
into 5' leader of lac gene

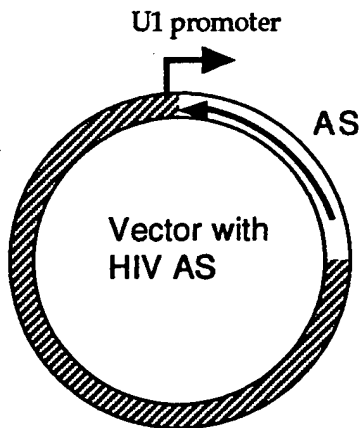


Construct with HIV A
sequence in 5' leader of
lac Z mRNA



Transfection with construct
into U937 cells

lac Z (+) U937 cells



Transfection with
construct that contains U1
RNA with anti-sense to
HIV A sequence

Inhibition of lacZ expression

Figure 50

Clone with target-lacZ fusion will have reduced expression of lacZ after transfection by HIV Anti-sense construct

08978637-112597

Enzyme activity as expressed by A_{420} readings
in extracts prepared from

	2.5×10^4 cells	5×10^4 cells	1.0×10^5 cells
U 937 [untransfected]	0.018	0.023	0.034
U 937 [HIV A clone]	0.154	0.277	0.566
U937 [HIV A / Anti-A]	0.010	0.017	0.027
U 937 [HIV A/Anti-ABC]	0.013	0.021	0.035
U 937 [HIV A / Null DNA]	0.120	0.212	0.337

[B] Expression of Beta-galactosidase activity by *In situ* assay :

U 937 [untransfected] no blue spots in cells

U 937 [HIV A clone] blue spots in cells

U 937 [HIV A/Anti A] no blue spots in cells

U 937 [HIV A/Anti ABC] no blue spots in cells

U 937 [HIV A / Null DNA] blue spots in cells

Figure 51

Expression of Beta-galactosidase activity
in extracts

265217 46982580